Cambria Freeman.

H. A. McPIKE, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

Terms, $2 per year, in advance.

VOLUME IX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1875. NUMBER 43.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named Accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, in and for the county of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of said county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of DECEMBER, A. D. 1875, to wit:

1. The first and final account of Jacob Z. Nagle, executor of Hannah Neason, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
2. The first and partial account of Richard George, Irwin Rutledge and Stephen Forrester, executors of George Venebles, late of Millville borough, deceased.
3. The final account of Aline Maguire, executrix of Andrew Rodrigue, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
4. The first and final account of John F. Tibbott, administrator of John G. Griffith, late of Butte county, California, deceased.
5. The first account of Eliza Jane Durbin, (late Eliza Jane Glass,) executrix of John J. Glass, late of Allegheny township, deceased.
6. The first account of Emily S. Jamison, administratrix of Dr. W. W. Jamison, late of Loretto borough, deceased.
7. The fourth account of W. C. Lewis, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of Jas. H. Mitchell, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
8. The first and partial account of John Dibert, one of the executors of George McLane, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
9. The first and final account of Simon McDonnell, administrator of Henry Lamer, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.
10. The account of Peter Stricttmatter, guardian of Philip Weible, minor child of Peter Weible, late of Carroll township, deceased.
11. The first and final account of Charles B. Elder, administrator of Hiram Folsom, late of Yoder township, deceased.
12. The second account of Wm B. Bonacker, trustee appointed to sell the real estate of Daniel Goughnour, late of Taylor township, deceased.
13. The first and final account of John Sharbaugh, administrator of James Campbell, late of Washington township, deceased.
14. The account of Henry Von Alt, administrator of Conrad Schermer, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
15. The second and final account of George Conrad, administrator of Dr. Ferdinand Bingell, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.
16. The first account of Elizabeth Parrish, administratrix of Silas Parrish, late of Cambria township, deceased.
17. The first account of Wm Makin, administrator of Elizabeth Sharar, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.
18. The first account of Anna B. McGonigle, one of the executors of Jeremiah McGonigle, late of Washington township, deceased.
19. The first account of John E. Scanlan, one of the executors of Jeremiah McGonigle, late of Washington township, deceased.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 0, 1875.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

—Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisements of real estate and personal property of decedents, selected and set apart for the widows of intestates, under the Act of Assembly of the 14th day of April, A. D. 1851, have been filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of Cambria county, for confirmation and allowance, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th day of DECEMBER, A. D. 1875, to wit:

1. Inventory and appraisements of certain real estate appraised and set apart for Mary Schonler, widow of Joseph Schonler, late of Conemaugh borough, dec'd—$400.00.
2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Harriet Henry, widow of Samuel Henry, late of Ebensburg borough, dec'd—$299.50.
3. Inventory and appraisement of certain real estate appraised and set apart for Rebecca Ann Burk, widow of H. H. Burk, late of Adams township, dec'd,—$225.00.
4. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Sarah C. Goughnour, widow of Israel Goughnour, late of Jackson township, dec'd,—$300.00.

JAMES M. SINGER, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 6, 1875.

TRIAL LIST.

—List of causes set down for trial at the ensuing term of Court, commencing on the first Monday of December next:

FIRST WEEK.

Noel ..... vs. Hollas.
Jas Ormer ..... vs. Wagner.

SECOND WEEK.

Clark ..... vs. Garman et al.
Hiatt et al ..... vs. Moran.
Cambria Iron Co. ..... vs. Christy.
Crawley's use ..... vs. Williams et al.
Thomas ..... vs. Evans.
Myers & Co. ..... vs. Conrad.
Johnson & Scanlan ..... vs. Brotherline.
Hartman ..... vs. Kurtz.
Owen ..... vs. The Twp. of White.
McGough ..... vs. Wentroth.
Donaugh ..... vs. Kerin.
Hart ..... vs. Martin & Co.
Stout ..... vs. Woleslagle & Son.
Thomas ..... vs. Hughes.
Woleslagle & Son ..... vs. Myers & Co.
Todd's Adm'r ..... vs. Waters.

B. McCOLGAN, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 8, 1875.

CRAMPTON'S IMPERIAL SOAP IS THE "BEST."

This soap is manufactured from pure materials—it contains a large percentage of Vegetable fat, is warranted fully equal to the best imported Castile Soap, and at the same time possesses all the washing and cleansing properties of the celebrated German and French Laundry Soaps. It is therefore recommended for use in the Laundry, Kitchen, and Bath-room, and for general household purposes; also, for Printers, Painters, Engineers, and Machinists, as it will remove stains of Ink, Grease, Tar, Oil, Paint, etc., from the hands. Manufactured only by

CRAMPTON BROTHERS,
4, 6, 8, and 10 Rutgers Place, and 33 and 35 Jefferson Street, New York. [6m.]

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

—Notice is hereby given that W. M. LLOYD, of Altoona, Blair county, Pennsylvania, and JANE his wife, by deed of voluntary assignment, have assigned all the estate, real and personal, of the said W. M. LLOYD, to JOHN REILLY, JAMES LOUDON and MAXWELL KINKEAD, of Altoona, in said county, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said W. M. LLOYD. All persons, therefore, indebted to the said W. M. LLOYD, will make payment to the said Assignees, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

JOHN REILLY,
JAMES LOUDON,
MAX. KINKEAD,
Assignees of W. M. LLOYD.

Altoona, Oct. 15, 1875. [29-6t.]

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of JOHN C. BOLAND, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John C. Boland, late of Summitville borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BOLAND, Administrator.

Summitville, Nov. 5, 1875.-6t.*

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of CATHARINE CRUM, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Catharine Crum, late of Summerhill township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated for settlement.

CATHARINE J. BURTNETT,
Administratrix.

Oct. 8, 1875.-6t.*

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.

Estate of ELIZABETH CRUM, dec'd.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth Crum, late of Summerhill township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given that all debts due to said estate must be paid forthwith, and all claims against the same would be presented, properly authenticated for settlement, to

CATHARINE J. BURTNETT,
Administratrix.

Oct. 8, 1875.-6t.*

P. A. SHOEMAKER.....WM. H. SECHLER.

SHOEMAKER & SECHLER,

Attorneys-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA. [tf.]

NO FAMILY CAN AFFORD TO BE WITHOUT IT.

Agents address D. G. HOOVER, Newburg, Pa. [10-22-4t.]

THE BEST COW IN PERIL.

Old farmer B. is a stingy man,
He keeps all he gets, and gets all he can;
By all his friends he is said to be
As tight as the bark on a young birch tree;
He goes to church, and he rents a pew,
But the dimes he gives to the Lord are few;
If he gets to heaven with the good and great
He will be let in at the smallest gate.

Now, farmer B., besides drags and plows,
Keeps a number of very fine calves and cows;
He makes no butter but sends by express.

"What do the city folks know about milk?
They are better judges of cloth and silk;
Not a man who buys, I'd vow, can tell
If I water it not, or water it well—
If they do not know, then where's the sin?
I'll put the sparkling water in."
Thus talked to himself old farmer B.;
How mean he is, young and old can see.

One night it was dark, oh, fearfully dark;
The watch dog never came out to bark;
Old farmer B. in his bed did snore,
When rap, rap, rap, nearly shattered his door,
And a voice cried out with a hasty breath,
"Your best cow, neighbor, is choking to death!"

Clipping off the end of a rousing snore,
Farmer B. bounded out on the bedroom floor;
And the midnight voice was heard no more.
He pulled on his pants, he knew not how,
For his thoughts were all on the choking cow.
He flew to the yard like a frightened deer,
For his stingy soul was filled with fear;
Looking around by his lantern's light,
He found that the cows were there all right

"I will give a dime," cried farmer B.,
"To know who played this trick on me;
May the hand be stiff and the knuckle be sore
That knocked to-night on my farm-house door."

With a scowl on his face and a shaking head,
Farmer B. again sought his nice, warm bed;
No good thoughts came, they were all o'erpowered;
The little good nature he had, had soured.

When he went to water his milk next day,
The midnight voice seemed again to say,
As he pumped away with panting breath;
"Your best cow, neighbor, is choking to death!"

The meaning of this he soon found out,
For a stone was driven in the old pump's spout.

Old farmer B., when he drives to town,
Now meets his neighbors with a savage frown;
They smile, and ask, as they kindly bow,
"How getteth along the best cow now?"

A TERRIBLE MOMENT.

Yes, terrible—that is just what it was. I shall never forget it, even should I live to be one of those wondrous ages at times recorded in the papers. Moreover, it was not a thing for a man to forget. Many events may slip from our mind, but never that moment, when we stand on the brink of the grave, brought thither by the probability of an awful death.

It happened in this way. I had been in Australia for about five years, during which time I had amassed a tolerable fortune, when I began to long to see the old country again—a desire considerably strengthened by the fact that the girl I loved, and who had consented to be my wife, was going to England, and I could not bear the thought of such an extent of ocean between us; so I determined to go too, and let our marriage take place there.

May Brodstone was the only daughter of a well-to-do squattter, and the prettiest, nicest girl for miles round the station, though, until I had become acquainted with her, rather fond of a bit of girlish flirtation. This was the worse for me, as it turned out.

Among her many admirers was one Jacob Kiel. Dark-haired, dark-eyed, dark-complexioned, he was of that class of men who feel strongly, and who never forget an injury—like wild cats they are nasty customers to offend. Well, May, I fear, had flirted somewhat with Jacob Kiel, who, I really believe, loved the very ground she walked on, though she declared—and I knew it was true—that she had never given him the slightest hope.

It was about this time that I appeared upon the scene; and she discovered that she had found the right man, as I had found the right girl. May Brodstone instantly gave up all her admirers, was as steady and quiet as a gum tree when no wind blows, and finally said the "Yes" upon which my happiness depended.

Old Mr. Brodstone knew that the match would be a good one, and readily gave his consent, so that our engagement was soon made public. I was present when the news reached Jacob Kiel. I shall never forget his face. His lips were compressed, his dark eyes contracted; he looked from May to me, and I felt that, if ever he could, he would do me mischief. Without a syllable he quitted the place. A strange sensation run through me as he departed; and May told me that a cold shudder had run through her veins.

We did not see much of Kiel after this, though we knew he was often about the station upon business; but the man somehow threw a kind of shadow over May's and my happiness, and we were not at all sorry when we got on board the steamer and steamed off towards Old England. We had not, however, got clear out of sight of land when May, giving a little cry, put her hand on my arm, and, slightly nodding her head towards the lower deck, said:

"Oh, Edward, look—he is there too!"

And so he was. Leaning quietly over the side, watching the land apparently, was Jacob Kiel—a passenger for England, like ourselves. I will own that I was considerably annoyed, though when May, drawing nearer, exclaimed, in a low startled voice, "Edward, dear, I don't know how it is, but I dread that man—I cannot divest my mind of the thought that he means us harm," I laughed and tried to banish so absurd an idea. And certainly it appeared I had every right to do so. Save by a casual interchange of a few words, Kiel never troubled us, and we were making a capital journey, when, just as we were within twenty degrees of the line, we were struck by a hurricane which the captain declared was almost a cyclone in violence.

The vessel could not weather it. The masts crashed overboard, taking several of the crew with them, and, before the wreck could be cut adrift, a portion of the broken spars, dashing against the ship, had caused a leak below the water-line, and the cry was, "We are sinking! Lower the boats—the pumps are useless!"

The captain was marvelously firm and cool, and by his example made us all the same.

The boats were rapidly lowered and filled, while, thank heaven, the storm seemed to abate. The women went first, of course, and all was proceeding well, when, just as the last boat was being filled, I remembered that in my hurry I had left my mother's miniature in my chest. There was plenty of time to fetch it, and in a second I was down in the cabin. Flinging the lid open, my hand was already upon the likeness, when I heard a foot upon the stairs. I turned, and by the dim light yet swinging from the roof, perceived Jacob Kiel.

Good heavens! The diabolical expression on his face, the fiendish malice in his dark snake-like eyes, revealed his intention in a moment. He had come to do me some deadly harm. Leaping up, I seized my revolver, to be on my guard; but an attack was not his purpose. Before I could prevent him, he had quickly closed the cabin door, and locked it on the outside.

Like a flash of lightning all the horrors of my position instantly flashed before me. I was a prisoner in the sinking ship! Uttering a loud shout of fury, I sprang forward; the cry was echoed by a laugh from Jacob Kiel. I heard him say, "Who will marry May Brodstone now?" and then his feet went rapidly up the stairs.

I called loudly for help; the uproar of the storm drowned my voice. I paused. Just then the wind lulled, and I heard the order to push off; the speaker was Jacob Kiel. I again shouted in my agony; but my voice and the wind rose together—I was unheard. I continued to shout like a madman, though I knew all hope was gone—that I was alone, like a trapped rat, in the sinking ship.

Furiously I beat the door, all the while painfully conscious that rescue was impossible and death certain, for it was night, and as no doubt the storm would separate the boats, my absence would not be discovered until the vessel was foundered.

Could I expect aught else, when in the occasional lull of the hurricane I heard the rush of the deadly waters in the hold, and felt the ship lurch more heavily each moment as she plunged into the trough of the sea? Suddenly she gave a terrific keel over and a wave came rattling down the companion ladder like thunder, rushed under the door and inundated the cabin.

I shrieked in agony, believing that all was over—that I was to die thus, not even with the chance of battling for life.

I felt that I could meet death calmly if I were on deck, with the heavens above me; but my very hair stirred at the horrible thought of being buried in the sea as it were in a box. Was there really no way of escape? I looked around and gave a great cry of joy, then leaped forward, careless now that the water mounted higher and higher.

"Fool! idiot!" I exclaimed "why did you not think of it before? You are your own murderer!"

My eyes had rested upon my revolver. In a second I had fired two of its barrels into the lock of the door, shivering it to atoms, and the next minute I was upon the deck—only just in time, for the vessel was settling fast. It would have settled long before, but the storm had abated.

With a wild hope I looked for the boats. Near or far, all was alike—darkness hid the waters. But, having succeeded so far, I resolved not to despair. One by one I discharged the remaining barrels of my revolver, and then plunged into the sea, to swim as far as I could from the ship before it sank, hoping that I should find some pieces of wreck. I did so, before I had proceeded far—a mast, with cordage attached. This helped me; for after lashing myself to the mast as well as I could, the waves bore me away. Suddenly, however, a fearful rush of water seized me. I was drawn rapidly back, and then down as in a whirlpool—flung, it seemed, here, there and everywhere—after which I remembered no more. When I came to, I was in one of the boats with May Brodstone leaning over me.

It appeared that directly after morning dawned, the boats were called together, and the captain went over the names, when mine was found missing; upon which he resolved to row back, and see if he could not find me, urged thereto by many of his companions, who wondered—as did not Jacob Kiel—what could have prevented my getting into one of the boats.

The sea was nearly calm, the sun shining, and their search was not difficult. They soon perceived a dark object. Approaching it they found it to be myself, clinging like grim death to the mast, but laughing and yelling like a maniac. In fact I was mad, and for some time after they had managed to get me into the boat I remained so; then I became calmer, though I was delirious for a whole day and night.

Directly sensibility returned, I told my story, filling every one with horror, especially May Brodstone.

"I see it all!" exclaimed the captain. "The villain! Last night our boats separated in the darkness; this morning the one bearing Jacob Kiel and the worst of the crew was missing. He has either steered the boat into a different track, or paid the fellows to desert us, fearful of the punishment that might have awaited him when he touched land."

Whether this was so I do not know, for we never heard of Jacob Kiel again.

That day we were picked up by one of Green's ships, homeward bound, and in due time were landed in England, where May and I were married, and where we now reside; for my wife will not hear of crossing the ocean again, as she cannot forget—as indeed I cannot—that most terrible moment of my life.

A WISE BIRD.—A family near Boston is happy in the possession of a parrot of more than ordinary intelligence, and one whose talking powers are the wonder of the neighborhood. In an evil day, however, the bird was taught by some naughty boys to swear like a trooper, and with a perversity wonderfully human, and, withal, strangely savoring of original sin, the feathered biped soon seemed to find pleasure in nothing so much as a sounding oath. Mild correctionary measures proved unavailing and the offender was at last regularly soused in a pail of cold water after each burst of profanity, and then placed on the stove hearth before the fire to dry. During a recent rain storm some small chickens belonging to the same family got very wet and thoroughly chilled, and were placed on a perch before the fire to be warmed into full activity again. It so happened that the parrot had just been treated to an involuntary bath himself, and he at once cocked his head on one side and surveyed the new comers for a moment in silence. Then, as if all was plain to him, he hitched a little away from his dripping companions, and exclaimed in an oracular tone, "Little d——d fools, been swearing!"

THE BOY COULDN'T SEE IT.—A Grand River avenue grocer saw a boy about 12 years old loafing around his store yesterday, and he patted him on the head and said:

"Boy, go to work. George Washington was a worker; Thomas Jefferson swung the ax; Henry Clay used the hoe."

"Did they?" asked the lad.

"They did, my son. Labor is grand; labor is ennobling; labor is the foundation beams of this country. The boy who cultivates habits of industry will, sooner or later, achieve success and independence. There's fifty bushels of potatoes in there to sort over. Go to work at them, my boy, and to encourage you I'll give you 15 cents a day. In a few days, if you are industrious and trustworthy, I'll let you saw some wood, and then you may pick over some beans, and it won't be long after that before you can run for Governor of Michigan. Come, now, go to work."

The boy went in and worked for about an hour, and was then missing. On a board was a sign he had left behind him. It read: "You'r hank Clay and george Washington Kin go to blazes."—*Detroit Free Press.*

ODE TO AUTUMN.—The grasshopper creaks in the leary gloom, and the bumble bee bumbleth the live-long day. But where have they gone with the bran-new broom? And what has been done to the buzz-saw's play?

Oh, it's little he thinks of the cold mince pie, And it's little he seeks of the raw ice cream; For the dying year, with its tremulous sigh Shall waken the lingering loon from his dream.

Oh, list! For the cricket, now far and near, Shrillfully singeth his roundelay, And the negligent noodle his noisy cheer, And where the doodlebug eats the hay.

Oh, the buzz-saw so busily buzzes the stick, And bumbling the bumble bee bumbleth his tune; While the cricket cricks crickingly down at the creek, And the noodle calls noisily out, "is it noon?"

The dog fennel sighs, "She is here! she is here!" And the smart-weed says dreamily "Give us a rest?" The hop-vine speaks tenderly, "Give us a beer." And the jimson-weed hollers, "Oh, pull down your vest!"—*Burlington Hawkeye.*

—There is an old maid in Kalamazoo who is determined to get a husband. She caught a burglar in her room the other night—turned the key on him, and made him promise to marry her before she would let him out. The fellow was allowed to go to a neighboring town to get his wedding suit, and from there wrote back to say that he couldn't honorably fulfil his promise as he had a wife in England.

A SCIENTIFIC JOB.

Some time since a stranger arrived in Detroit in order to consult from one to a dozen surgeons about his tongue, that useful member being hampered with a cancer. The doctors took a look at the tongue, shook their heads and said: "Hum—hum." Gathered in solemn council, they agreed that the tongue must come off, or at least about a third of it. They assured the man that they could make a very neat and scientific job of it, and once his tongue got well they could splice it, as sailors splice a rope, and give him as much tongue and as much talk as ever. The patient consented, and the new tongue was in operation yesterday for the first time. The surgeons were jubilant, and they invited our reporter to call around and see the job. He went. He found the patient sitting up, looking pretty fair, and willing to give all the information he had about him.

"What is your name?" asked the reporter.

"Wholl loll roll loll," was the prompt reply.

"Where do you belong?"

"Illy lolly blolly, rolly doll," he replied.

One of the surgeons stood by, and he clapped his hands with glee and shouted:

"See there! Why that man talks as well sa you or I! I tell you it was the neatest sceintific job of surgery ever done in this town!"

After a brief discussion with the surgeon on the antiquity and uses and abuses of tongues, the reporter turned to the man and asked:

"Did it hurt you much?"

"Whilly Twol lol slol!" he answered.

"And how did you like this splicing business?"

"Whol fiol hil blil lol!" he said.

"He feels all right, of course," chuckled the surgeon. "Why, man, he works that tongue equal to a parrot! Show me another such job and I'll give you a thousand dollars!"

The reporter asked him if women's tongues were afflicted with cancer, and the surgeon replied that he never heard of a case; they were never at rest long enough for any affliction to take root.

"And you think you can in time manage your artificial tongue, do you?" asked the reporter.

"Ihl plol sial, al wohl?" answered the man.

"In time!" echoed the surgeon. "Why, you blockhead, isn't he using his tongue now? Can't you understand every word he says?"

The reporter didn't answer, but leaned back and wondered how the splice was effected. He had a dim idea of boiler-rivets, shoe-patch cement, water-lime, &c., and finally asked to see the job. The patient opened his mouth in response to the request, and the surgeon grabbed the tongue, pulled it this way and that, moved it up and down and exclaimed:

"Nicest job ever exhibited in the profession! I call it the invisible splice, but you can see the junction right along there. The new part is a composition known only to me, and I can't betray the secret. If there were only cancers enough I'd make my eternal fortune in six months."

"Well, I wish you speedy recovery," remarked the reporter as he rose to go.

"Glehl plol ohl," replied the man, smiling blandly.

"Good-bye."

"Glool lool," he answered.

"I tell you," said the surgeon, as he came out on the walk, "not one man in 10,000 could have done that job without spoiling the man's speech forever."—*Detroit Free Press.*

TELLING THE TRUTH UNDER GREAT TEMPTATIONS.—There were a dozen or more of them seated in front of the colored St. Charles, and they were talking about tornadoes.

"De vorsest tornady I ever did see," remarked an old negro, "was sixteen years ago in Alabama."

"Did she blow much?" inquired another.

"Blow much! shoo! niggers! but dat was no deck passenger, dat tornady! Why, sah, it jist lifts me right up to remember it!"

"Everything went kitin," eh?"

"Kitten'! Bres you! you poor, ignorant nigger, but I seed a mule lifted up like a fedder, an' how fur d'ye spose it blode him? Jest gin a guess."

"One mile?"

"Free miles?"

"Across de ribber?"

"Into a tree?"

Each one of the crowd made a guess' and when all were through, the hoary-headed old man repeated:

"Niggers, you are all wrong. That tornady cum for that mule, an' howled around, an' he was blode jist exactly four inches by de watch, sure's your 'live!"

There was a painful pause and then the crowd rapidly thinned out, while the old man remarked:

"Four inches by de watch, and I'll stick to dat statement if I die for it."—*Vicksburg Herald.*

A YOUTH on being questioned by a lady as to his occupation, replied that he was a "manipulator of movable alphabets." He was simply a printer.

A Young Man who Wants Advice.

It was the second time he had accompanied the young lady home from one of those little social parties which are gotten up to bring fond hearts a step nearer to each other.

When they reached the gate she asked him if he wouldn't come in. He said he would, and he followed her into the house. "It was a calm, still night," and the hour was so late that he had no fear of seeing the old folks. Sarah took his hat, told him to sit down, and she left the room to lay off her things. She was hardly gone before her mother came in, smiled sweetly, and dropping down beside the young man, she said:

"I always did say that if a poor but respectable young man fell in love with Sarah he should have my consent. Some mothers would sacrifice their daughters' happiness for riches, but I am not one of that class."

The young man gave a start of alarm. He didn't know whether he liked Sarah or not, and he hadn't dreamed of such a thing as marriage.

"She has acknowledged to me that she loves you," continued the mother, "and whatever is for her happiness is for mine."

The young man gave two starts of alarm this time, and he felt his cheeks grow pale.

"I—I haven't"—he stammered, when she said:

"Oh, never mind. I know you haven't much money, but of course you will live with me. We'd take in boarders, and I'll risk but that we'll get along all right."

It was a bad situation. He hadn't looked love at Sarah, and he felt that he ought to undeceive the mother.

"I hadn't no idea of—of"—he stammered, when she held up her hands and said:

"I know you hadn't, but it's all right. With your wages and what the boarders bring in we shall get along as snug as bugs in a rug?"

"But madam, but—but"—

"All that I ask is that you be good to her," interupted the mother. "Sarah has a tender heart and a loving nature, and if you would be cross and ugly it would break her down within a week."

The young man's eyes stood out like cocoanuts in a show window, and he rose up and tried to say something. He said:

"Great heavens! madam, I can't permit"—

"Never mind about the thanks," she interrupted. "I don't believe in long courtships myself, and let me suggest an early day for the marriage. The 11th of September is my birthday, and it would be nice for you to be married on that day.

"But—but—but"—he gasped.

"There, there, I don't expect any speech in reply," she laughed. "You and Sarah fix it up to-night, and I'll advertise for twelve boarders right away. I'll try and be a model mother-in-law. I believe I am good tempered and kind hearted, though I did once follow a young man 200 miles and shot the top of his head off for agreeing to marry Sarah, and then jumping the bounty!"

She patted him on the head and sailed out, and now the young man wants advice. He wants to know whether he had better get in the way of a locomotive or slide off the wharf.

THE "STAR CHAMBER"—*A Romance of the Mammoth Cave.*—During the visit of one of the recent touring parties to Mammoth Cave, says a Nashville paper, a scene was witnessed that was not down on the programme, and which from its peculiar nature has just now leaked out. It was in the Star Chamber, the star of all the sights to be seen. As soon as the division was entered there was the usual cry of "lights out," and, with a few exceptions, all eyes were turned to the vault overhead to witness the grand spectacle. Those few eyes that should have been looking upward were of the kind that belonged to people of an inquiring turn of mind, and glanced to observe the manner in which the light was thrown on the ceiling. As they did so, they saw distinctly outlined between them and the light beyond the forms of a gentleman and lady. She was standing upon a rock which brought her within easy reach of his arm, which encircled her waist. Gently he would draw her to him, press his lips softly to hers, and then she would draw hastily back. One and another of the party were nudged, and ceased from the contemplation of the stars overhead to observe the tableaux below.

When the lights were reproduced the young lady was seated upon the rock where she had lately been standing, and both she and her affectionate escort looked as innocent as if "they hadn't been doing nothing." It served the party no little merriment, and the climax was reached when some one, after they had left the cave, approaching the swain, asked him in the presence of the party which scene in the cave did he enjoy most. He promptly replied, 'The Star Chamber of course.' The loud laugh that followed caused him to turn as red as a beet, and explained to him the frequent allusions thereafter to 'lights out.'"

ROMANTIC, IF TRUE.

Several days ago a rather well-dressed and good looking young woman applied to a family in Franklin for a situation, saying she did not want any wages; that she had come from Grand Rapids, Michigan, and was out of money and wanted a place to stay a short time. The family needed a servant and the applicant was given a place. Nothing particular was noticed about the new addition to the household, except that she was very reticent and never went out of the house until dusk, and then only to go the post-office, until one evening an elderly man called at the house and inquired for Jennie T——. After seeing the caller the young woman told her mistress that Jennie T—— was not her right name, and that the man who had just called knew her right name, but not her fictitious name, and must have watched her at the post-office and inquired for her present name and place of residence. This excited the suspicion of the lady's husband, and he immediately went to the post-office and there found that no one had made such inquiry. For a day or so afterward the girl seemed to be uneasy; and evidently to relieve her mind, she disclosed, in substance, the following: Her home was in Grand Rapids, and her father a widower in good circumstances. She had a lover to whom she was engaged to be married, but before the vows were consummated her father had courted and married her lover's sister, a maiden of about her own age. To marry her lover and make her father her brother-in-law, was too much. To aggravate her father she clandestinely married a man older than he, and then took poison. The timely aid of a physcian saved her life. The young lover was so struck with grief—his love still held out—that he begged and pleaded with the old man who had married his sweetheart to go to Indiana and get a divorce, and he consented. As the story goes, a divorce was obtained. The girl, as soon as she recovered, packed her wardrobe, pawned her gold watch, and fled, arriving in Franklin several days ago, as above stated. But in the meantime she had communicated with her father and he had sent her some money and her watch. She said the man who called on her here told her the divorce was a fraudulent one and the bridegroom wanted her to come back; but before she would do so she would marry again, and knew where she could marry. In the latter part of last week she left suddenly, leaving behind a large trunk well filled with good clothing, and the day after her departure the people with whom she lived received a telegram from Karns City, saying: "I am married. Send down my trunk."

This is the story as the girl tells it. How true it is we cannot say, but one thing we do know: The name she gave as that of her father's is down in the directory as a resident of Grand Rapids, and one of some financial standing.—*Venango Spectator.*

A LONG SEPARATED FAMILY REUNITED.—A Portland (Me.) correspondent writing under date of Nov. 8th to the Boston *Herald* says that a story has just come to light that reads like a novel. Mr. John Rodman, a mechanic, was a sufferer by the great fire of 1866, and moved with his family to Harlem, New York, where he had a brother residing—a widower with a small property. Soon afterward Mr. Rodman went to Valparaiso, leaving his wife, son, and daughter with his brother. At first he sent money home, and then his letters ceased. The brother died, and his little property was eaten up by lawyers in the settlement. The widow, with her young son and daughter, returned to Portland and became a seamstress. The latter part of 1873 an English captain took the son, a boy of fifteen, to sea with him. The vessel was wrecked in the Gulf, and all were supposed to be lost. The mother was taken sick, but a physician of this city took charge of her and afterwards readered her much aid.

A short time ago Mrs. Rodman saw an advertisment in the *New York Herald* that if the wife of John Rodman, formerly of Portland, would apply to a certain New York law firm, she would hear of something to her advantage. Her doctor advised her to go to New York, and she went with her daughter. There she interviewed the law firm, and ascertained that her husband had failed to hear from her before she failed to hear from him. He had been with Myers, the great American railroad speculator, and made a fortune, and wanted his family, if possible, to join him in New Orleans, for which place he was about to sail. The mother and daughter went to New Orleans, arriving there a day or two before the vessel by which Mr. Rodman was expected. While out walking the daughter was insulted by a young dandy, who thought the two women were unprotected. A young sailor knocked the dandy into the gutter, and as he turned disclosed the features of the long lost son. It seems that after his vessel was wrecked he was picked up by a Norwegian vessel and carried to a port in that country. Thence he went to Calcutta, thence to Southampton, and arrived in New Orleans the day before. A few days afterward the father arrived, and the long separated family were reunited and happy.

THE GIRLS.—The following is from a lady who seems to be throughly posted in the sex. It is worth volumes of fiction and sentimentalism: "Men who are worth having want women for wives. A bundle of gew-gaws, bounded with a string of flaps and quavers, sprinkled with cologne and set in a carmine saucer—this is no help for a man who expects to raise a family of boys on bread and meat. The piano and lace fabrics are good in their places, and so are the frills and tinsels; but you cannot make a dinner out of the former, nor a bed-blanket out of the latter; and awful as such an idea may seem to you, both the dinner and the bed-blanket are necessary to domestic happiness. Life has its realities as well as fancies, but you make it decorations, remembering the tassels and curtains, but forgetting the bedstead. Suppose a man of good sense and good prospects to be looking for a wife, what chance would you have to be chosen? You may catch him, or you may trip him, but how much better to make it an object for him to catch you. Render yourself worth catching, and you will not need a shrewd mother to help you find a market."

A REMARKABLE group, consisting of a great-great-grandmother, great grandmother, grandmother, mother and daughter, was lately photographed at Henniker, N. H.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

Friday Morning, - - Nov. 19, 1875.

THE next Speaker of the House of Representatives will be the first Democrat in eighteen years who has occupied that position, and now the Pittsburgh *Post* thinks that the wily Grant and his minions who are doing their utmost to smash the Democratic party and the civil and religious rights of the people of this country, which the Democrats always sustained when in power, will have to commence on the Pope and "put him down," before they can ever elect one of their thieves, or a Credit Mobilier, to the Speaker's chair at Washington.

SEVEN COUNTIES of this State increased their Democratic vote at the late election over the vote cast for Buckalew in 1872, as follows: Bedford increased 120, Butler 451, Carbon 195, Jefferson 1, Juniata 32, McKean 26, Northumberland 204. In all the remaining counties Pershing had less votes than Buckalew. The heaviest decrease was in Luzerne, 3,298. In Allegheny the vote for Pershing was 3,243 below that given to Buckalew; in Chester 1,505; in Lancaster 1,483, in Crawford 947; in Wayne 895; in Northampton 873; in Greene 751. These eight counties had enough Democratic voters at home on election day to have wiped out the majority for Hartranft.

THE last issue of Forney's *Sunday Chronicle* has a long article declaring that Grant is the only man in the country who can save the Republican party, and favoring him for a third term. It basis its hopes upon a statement which it makes, and which decidedly squints at the new and groundless issue which is to be forced by the Republicans on the country. It says: "Governor Hayes, after the campaign was over in Ohio, stated in the Executive Mansion, in Harrisburg, Pa., while a guest of Governor Hartranft, that the educational question had given the Republicans the victory in the Buckeye State. It was Grant who made that question a Republican issue, in a speech delivered a few weeks previous to the Ohio election."

IT is not a very pleasant position for an ex-member of Congress to have an indictment hanging over his head, like the sword of Damocles, charging him with fraudulently obtaining money from the government. And yet such is the unpleasant predicament in which General James S. Negley, ex-member of Congress from the 22nd (Allegheny) district in this State, and the notorious Roderic Random Butler, ex-member from the 1st Tennessee district, now find themselves. True bills of indictment have been found by the Grand Jury of Washington against both of these members of the radical party for the offence above stated. Negley is charegd with having fraudulently obtained $26,000 from the national treasury on a claim of one Julius Witkowski, which he had in charge. Gen. Negley may be entirely innocent of any complicity in the fraud, but even if he is, the matter wears a very ugly look in any aspect. The offence charged against Roderic Random Butler is that he falsely and fraudulently pushed through the accounting department at Washington a bogus claim for several thousand dollars, made by a man who glories in the name of Sugg Fort, for a large quantity of flour alleged by Fort to have been taken from his mill in Tennessee by Union troops during the rebellion, when in fact he did not lose any at all. Butler's character during his whole Congressional career has been so infamous, that every presumption of law is in favor of his *guilt* and not of his innocence, as is the rule in all criminal proceedings. He ought to have been in the Penitentiary long ago, and if he can only be sent there now he will be the right man in the right place.

THE moral sense of the country is again to be offended by a thorough investigation of the Beecher-Tilton scandal, by a committee of the Association of Congregational Ministers of New York and Brooklyn. This course was determined upon a very short time ago, at a meeting of the Association, and a committee consisting of five clergymen was appointed to prosecute the work and go to the very bottom of the subject, if that is possible. We had supposed that the country had learned more than enough about this disgusting business and that it would not be publicly heard of again. But it seems that the members of the Congregational Association are not satisfied with the failure of the jury to agree upon a verdict in the trial of Beecher for adultery, and demand a re-examination of the charge. The duties of the committee will be to decide whether or not Beecher is a fit person to be the pastor of a church and a member of the association. It is believed that Beecher will decline to appear before the committee in his own defence—an opinion arrived at from a portion of a sermon delivered by him after the appointment of the committee, in which he said that his future course in reference to any and all charges made against him would be *absolute silence*. If he does not appear, and the committee should as the result of its deliberations recommend that he be expelled from the Association, his friends can say that it was only an *exparte*, or one-sided proceeding, and therefore is not entitled to any public weight or consideration. It will be a long time yet, if ever there is an adjudication of this celebrated case which will carry conviction to the public mind.

CERTAIN Democratic organs in this State are not now quite so full of extravagant adulation of Samuel J. Randall and his superior claims to the Speakership of the next House of Representatives as they were immediately after the adjournment of Congress on the 4th of March. Judging from the high, sounding praise that was then so lavishly poured out upon him, one would have been led to believe that Pennsylvania possessed the foremost parliamentarian in the whole country, and that Randall was the only Democratic member of Congress from Maine to Oregon capable of presiding over its deliberations. All this is now changed, and instead of the torrent of panegyric which seemed to sweep him resistlessly onward last spring towards the goal of his ambition, we only hear modest utterances in his behalf. The business was overdone even *ad nauseam* and Democratic integrity and party consistency are now asserting their demands for recognition. We will again repeat what we have more than once said before, that Randall's election as Speaker, in view of his record on the back-pay swindle, would be an act of self-stultification by the representatives in Congress of the Democratic party. It would simply be a case of political *felo de se*. Randall was one of the chief cooks and bottle-washers in that Congressional infamy, advocating it, voting for it, and of course pocketing the plunder; and although he and those who acted with him may have flattered themselves into the belief that the people would regard it as only a nine days' wonder, they will find themselves laboring under a fatal delusion. We do not say that because a Democrat voted for and took the back-pay booty he ought therefore to be politically ostracised; but we indignantly protest against conferring upon him one of the most responsible positions in the gift of the party. There may come a time when the odium inseparably connected with that measure will have been forgotten, but that day has not yet arrived. That Randall, as his backers have heretofore asserted, will be sustained in caucus by the united vote of the Democratic members from this State, is a sheer invention. We know it to be unfounded. We are not aware what are the views or feelings of our member, Hon. John Reilly, on this question, but we undertake to say that if he throws his influence in favor of the nomination of Samuel J. Randall he will totally misrepresent the Democracy, not only of this county, but of the entire district. It would be a political blunder, which a great man has said is worse than a crime.

Philadelphia Did It.

It is not credible, says the Philadelphia *Sunday Mercury*, that the omission of Judge Pershing to take the "stump" in the late canvass and plead his own cause before the people, really contributed to his defeat. Even the suggestion is discreditable to the voters of Pennsylvania. Indeed, the returns show that the people of the state, outside of this county, gave him a very considerable majority. But Philadelphia defeated him, if by honest ballots he is really defeated at all, and even his personal appeals here in favor of pure government would not have averted the result had he made them. Did not Abraham tell Lazarus, who was then in hell for his unbelief, that if his surviving brethren "would not hear Moses and the prophets, neither would they be persuaded, though one rose from the dead." Not even the angel Gabriel, much less Judge Pershing, had he exhorted the political Pharisees here to repent and be converted to reform, could have beaten the Pilgrims and their allies on last Tuesday.

And just here it occurs to us to suggest, that perhaps the people of the interior will not much longer like being continually overruled in state elections by the corrupt votes of the political Sodom, that they may soon indignantly revolt against it, that they may eventually find, or make, an opportunity to resent and effectually emancipate themselves from such an odious domination, and that, in the meantime, they will have a chance to make the city feel their power pretty painfully in the state legislature. To a fair, square, honest election here, the voters of all the rest of the commonwealth, numbering about five hundred and odd thousand against one hundred and odd, would, no doubt, patiently submit. But when the fraud, money, and political patronage of the city, state and national administrations, concentrated at this point, are constantly, systematically, and notoriously employed to swell the suffrage of this community and its power in the affairs of the state largely beyond their legitimate measure, it would be not only natural, but quite reasonable, that the people of the interior should rebel against such a wrong as an actual usurpation of their rights of self-government and a practical placing of the administration of the affairs of more than five hundred thousand of the electors and taxpayers outside of this county in the control of but little more than fifty odd thousand, which represents the republican vote here.

It has long been desirable that the people of all the rest of this commonwealth should be brought into the warmest possible sympathy with Philadelphia and her especial interests, and it has always been the plainest duty of this community to cultivate such relations in all practicable ways and by all proper means. But this habit of overbearing a clear majority of the people of the country by manufactured majorities here, is not precisely the best method of establishing harmony between Philadelphia and the interior. Perhaps our business men will find this out some day.

—A party of four girls, at East Bridgeport, Conn., several days ago, on their way home from school, came upon eight boys who had captured a kitten, and, having covered it with kerosene oil, proposed to set it on fire. They begged the boys to give them the kitten, and were refused, whereupon they offered to buy it. This proposal also failed to meet the wishes of the boys, and the girls then hailed a passing man and begged him to interfere. He refused, saying he did not care what the boys did with the cat. Rendered desperate by repeated failures, the plucky girls attacked the party of boys, and, although they were outnumbered two to one, succeeded in taking the kitten from them, and carrying it away in triumph.

—There is now living in Ottawa county, Kansas, a boy thirteen years of age, who was born further north than any other child born of civilized parents on earth. He was born at the northern extremity of the most northern fishing settlement on the coast of Norway.

Arrangements for the Centennial.

The Act of Congress which provided for "celebrating the one hundreth Anniversary of American Independence, by holding an International Exhibition of Arts, Manufactures, and Products of the Soil and Mine," authorized the creation of the United States Centennial Commission, and entrusted to it the management of the Exhibition. This body is composed of two Commissioners from each State and Territory, nominated by the respective Governors, and commissioned by the President of the United States. The enterprise, therefore, is distinctly a national one, and not, as has sometimes been stated, the work of a private corporation.

The Exhibition will be opened on May 10th, 1876, and remain open every day, except Sunday, until November 10th. There will be a fixed price of 50 cents for admission to all the buildings and grounds.

The Centennial grounds are situated on the western bank of the Schuylkill River, and within Fairmont Park, the largest public park in proximity to a great city in the world, and one of the most beautiful in the country. The Park contains 3160 acres, 450 of which have been enclosed for the Exhibition. Besides this tract, there will be large yards near by for the Exhibition of stock, and a farm of 42 acres has already been suitably planted for the tests of ploughs, mowers, reapers, and other agricultural machinery.

The Exhibition buildings are approached by eight lines of street cars, which connect with all the other lines in the city, and by the Pennsylvania and Reading railroads, over the tracks of which trains will also run from the North Pennsylvania and Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Baltimore railroads. Thus the Exhibition is in immediate connection with the entire railroad system of the country, and any one within 90 miles of Philadelphia can visit it at no greater cost than that of carriage hire at the Paris or Vienna Exhibition.

The articles to be exhibited have been classified in seven departments, which, for the most part, will be located in appropriate buildings, whose several areas are as follows:

DEPARTMENT.	BUIDINGS.	ACRES COVERED.
1. Mining and Metallurgy, 2. Manufactures, 3. Education and Science,	Main Building,	21.47
4. Art,	Art Gallery,	1.5
5. Machinery,	Mach'y Build'g,	14.
6. Agriculture,	Agri'l Building,	10.
7. Horticulture,	Horti'l Building,	1.5
Total,		48.46

This provides nearly ten more acres for exhibiting space than there were at Vienna, the largest International Exhibition yet held. Yet the applications of exhibitors have been so numerous as to exhaust the space, and many important classes of objects must be provided for in special buildings.

An important special exhibition will be made by the United States Government, and is being prepared under the supervision of a Board of Officers representing the several Executive Departments of the Government. A fine building of 4½ acres is provided for the purpose, space in which will be occupied by the War, Treasury, Navy, Interior, Post Office, and Agricultural Departments and the Smithsonian Institution.

The Women's Centennial Executive Committee have raised $30,000 for the erection of a pavilion in which to exhibit every kind of women's work. To this collection, women of all nations are expected to contribute.

The list of special buildings is constantly increasing, and present indications are that their total number will be from 200 to 250. Most of the important foreign nations—England, Germany, Austria, France, Sweden, Egypt, Japan, and others—are putting up one or more structures each, for exhibiting purposes, or for the use of the commissioners, exhibitors and visitors. Offices and headquarters of this kind, usually of considerable architectural beauty, are provided by the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Missouri, Kansas, Virginia, West Virginia, Nevada, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Delaware; and it is likely that others will follow the example.

A number of Trade and Industrial Associations, which require large amounts of space, will be provided for in special buildings. Among these are the photographers, the carriage builders, the glass makers, the cracker bakers, the boot and shoe manufacturers, beside quite a number of individual exhibitors. The great demands for space will probably render this course necessary to a considerable extent, especially for exhibitors who have been tardy in making their applications. In the Main Exhibition Building, for example, 333,300 square feet of space had been applied for by the beginning of October by American exhibitors only; whereas, the aggregate space which it has been possible to reserve for the United States Department, is only 160,000 square feet, about one-third of which will be consumed by passage ways.

The Machinery Building, like the others, is already fully covered by applications. There are about 1000 American exhibitors in this department, 150 English, and 150 from other European countries—which is about 250 more than entered the Vienna Machinery Exhibition. Extra provision is being made for annexes to accommodate the hydraulic machinery, the steam hammers, forges, hoisting engines, boilers, plumbers, carpenters, etc.

Power in the Machinery Hall will be chiefly supplied by a pair of monster Corliss Engines. Each cylinder is 40 inches in diameter, with a stroke of ten feet; the fly-wheel is 31 feet in diameter, and weighs 55 tons; the horse-power is 1400; and the number of boilers is 20. This engine drives about a mile of shafting.

For the Art Exhibition, the most eminent American artists are understood to be at work, and it may be confidently stated that, especially in the department of landscape painting, the United States will present a finer display than the public has been led to expect. Quite aside from the contributions of American artists, applications from abroad call for more than four times the exhibiting space afforded by the great Memorial Hall. Provision for the surplus will be made in temporary fireproof buildings, though all exhibiting nations will be represented in the central Art Gallery.

The Secretary of the Navy has arranged that a United States war vessel call next Spring, at convenient European ports, to collect and transport hither to the Exhibition the works of American artists resident in Europe. Among the ports thus far designated, are Southampton for England, Havre for France, Bremen for Germany, and Leghorn for Italy, to which, if desirable, others may be added.

Mr. Bell, the eminent English sculptor, who designed the groups for the plinth for the great Albert Memorial in Hyde Park, London, is reproducing in terra cotta, at the celebrated works in Lambeth, the one which symbolizes America. The figures in this group are colossal, covering a ground space of 15 feet square. It will probably be placed in the great central gallery, opposite the principal entrance.

The Art Exhibiton will include, in addition to the works of contemporary artists, representative productions of the past century of American art—those, for instance, of Stuart, Copley, Trumbull, West, Alston, Sully, Neagle, Elliot, Kensett, Cole. These, as well as the works offered by living artists, will be passed upon by the Committee of Selection, who will visit for the purpose, New York, Boston, Chicago, and other leading cities, in order to prevent the needless transportation to Philadelphia of works of Art not up to the standard of admission.

The School Question.

Now that the election is over and the returns counted, the Scranton *Republican* thinks the "school question" can be honestly and fairly discussed without subjection to the "charge of being actuated by partisan feeling." In order to illustrate the extreme moderation and fairnesss with which it can approach such a question the *Republican* exclaims: "No one but a fool would attempt to deny, in the face of existing facts that nearly the entire Catholic press and a very large proportion of the priesthood are the open and avowed enemies of the free school system." "What they want are schools under the control of the appointed clergy of their church, and they want such schools supported out of the taxes levied for school purposes." The *Republican* then proceeds to reiterate the stupid charge that the democratic party is in alliance with the Catholic church for the overthrow of the common school system.

At the peril of being set down among the "fools" by this republican newspaper, we emphatically deny that any considerable proportion of the Catholic clergy of this country demand a division of the school fund in this or any other state. Now and then an irresponsible writer, an indiscreet priest, or over-zealous acolyte, gives expression to sentiments on the subject of the schools which are carefully treasured and repeated by Know Nothing organs with the view of giving a sectarian turn to political controversy. But the great body of the Catholic church can be made responsible for these utterances with no more justice than the republican party can be held to account for the sectarian bigotry and rancor of the Scranton *Republican* or the Harrisburg *Telegraph*. Even if the prelacy of the Catholic church cherish the hostility to the school system with which they are charged, they are far too astute to provoke in any state of the Union a conflict over a division of the school fund.

The history of the common schools of Pennsylvania affords the most effective answer to the noisy clamor that has been raised on this subject. Since the establishment of the system it has, for the most of the time, been under the fostering care of the democratic party, which is now stupidly charged with being in alliance with the Catholic church for its overthrow. During all this time has any attempt been made in Pennsylvania to separate the school fund? Is there the slightest evidence of the existence of that conspiracy which disturbs the dreams of ignorant bigots? The new constitution, ratified by the people in 1873, contains the provision that "no money "raised for the support of the public schools "of the commonwealth shall be appropria-"ted to or used for the support of any "sectarian schools." In the constitutional convention there were some zealous laymen of the Catholic church, yet they made neither open nor covert opposition to a provision which put it forever out of the power of the legislature to make any diversion of the public taxes for sectarian schools. If the Catholics are so much concerned about a separation of the school fund why did they not make a stand on this occasion? When the constitution was before the people for ratification it received the hearty support of the great body of the Catholic citizens, who helped to swell the triumphant majority of one hundred and fifty thousand in its favor. How comes it that they did not rally under the lead of their prelates in resistance to a provision which placed the school fund beyond the reach of a temporary majority in the legislature and put an effectual bar against any future attempt to raise a controversy over this subject?

Here was an opportunity that should not have been neglected, were the Catholics possessed of that deep hostility to the school system with which they are charged. it is a matter of history that the new constitution encountered the bitter, persistent and unscrupulous opposition of the republican leaders on account of its thorough and unsparing reforms. Nothing would have been easier than for the Catholics to have formed an alliance with these republican managers for the defeat of the new constitution. The alliance would have been most heartily welcomed in the utter desperation of these enemies of constitutual reform. The Catholics could have brought to the common stock the enmity to the common schools with which they are charged, and the republican ring their hostility to the legislative and other reforms of the constitution which they did not affect to conceal. But instead of entering into an alliance with the republican ring leaders nine-tenths of the Catholics of the state voted for a constitution which placed the school fund forever beyond sectarian interference. Had the Catholic citizens of Pennsylvania directed half the energy against the new constitution which was shown by its organized republican enemies its ratification would have been seriously endangered. If it be true that this provision of the constitution was obnoxious to them, as is charged by their enemies, they proved by supporting it that they preferred the political welfare of the commonwealth to their supposed sectarian interests. They could not be tempted into this alliance with the republican ring for its rejection.

Yet in the face of this, the miserable partisan cry is raised that the common school system is in danger from the Catholics, in order to awaken sectarian jealousies and hates. Any pretext, however, will serve in this religious crusade. In Maryland the nomination by the democrats of a Catholic descendant of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, brought out of their political graves the Know Nothings and Ping Uglies of twenty years ago, who rushed to the ballot-box waving the banner of "No Popery." In Ohio the Ghegan act, which conferred on convicts in penitentiaries and jails the poor privilege of choosing their own ghostly comforters, formed the ground for another sectarian warfare. In New York and Pennsylvania, whose common school funds are placed under the protection of the state constitutions, the cry is raised that the schools are in danger of overthrow. This foolish and wicked clamor no doubt cost the democratic party several thousand votes in each of these states. But it finds a welcome only in the breasts of the ignorant and bigoted, who are always the easy prey of unscrupulous demagogues. It has always been the fate of pure democracy, in all ages, to encounter the assaults of fanaticism, bigotry and superstition—*Harrisburg Patriot.*

—About midnight on Sunday last a gang of men attacked the house of John Sergeant in the extreme lower part of the city of Philadelphia. They stoned the house and then entered and tied the proprietor, after which they threw the furniture out of doors and smashed things generally. Thirteen of them then outraged the wife of Sergeant. Her injuries are of a serious character. The police next day made three arrests, and are after the rest of the gang, which is one of the worst in the city. The tavern contained about four cart loads of bricks and stones which had been thrown into it by the ruffians.

News of the Week.

—Eldred township, Monroe county, cast 191 votes for Pershing and 1 for Hartranft.

—Fortune Snow, a colored man, of Milan, Ga., claims to be one hundred and twenty-six years old.

—An odd marriage is reported in Bland county, Va., that of Mr. Allen Hannah and Miss Hannah Allen.

—About noon on Friday a dwelling-house on Thirty-ninth street, below Market, in West Philadelphia, fell, killing three children who were playing around it.

—The richest woman in America is Miss Kitty Wolfe. Her income is $1,000 a day. Would you work very hard to keep that kind of a Wolfe from your door?

—There is a bullfrog farm in Southeastern Wisconsin, thirty acres of swamp fenced in, and the proprietor sends thousands of these featherless birds to New York.

—A Berks county lady was discovered in a dangerous condition in a second story window, which she opened in her sleep mistaking it for a door. The fair somnambulist was rescued.

—Herman Hartman, late of Bern township, Berks county, had seven sons. One died single, the other six sons married and died within the past fifteen years. Their widows are still living.

—There is now no hope that any of those on board the ill-fated steamer City of Waco escaped. The body of Captain Wolfe was found near where the vessel went down. The search for bodies continues.

—The ship Calcutta, from Quebec for Liverpool, was wrecked on Grosse Isle, on Sunday last. Twenty-two men of the crew and a lady passenger were drowned. The captain, three men and a boy were saved.

—The latest count of the New York returns—official now in all but six counties—shows Mr. Bigelow's plurality over Mr. Seward to be 15,039. Enough—and it will be increased three fold—for the Presidential election.

—A woman whose child had recently died attended the funeral of a neighbor's in Bridgeport, Mass., and the sight of the dead body was such a reminder of her own bereavement that she fell in convulsions and died within a few hours.

—The Governor of Florida is charged with having released an indicted scoundrel named Le Cain, who had been arrested for forgery, embezzlement and other crimes, in order that he might organize the Republican party in Marion county.

—The *Miners' Journal* (Republican) having been asked how bets should be decided when on majority for Hartranft replies: "Governor Hartranft has no majority at all. All who bet on majorities for him have lost their bets." This is also the opinion of *Wilkes' Spirit of the Times*, another sporting paper.

—A man and his wife recently passed through Mobile, en route for the Wilcox county fair, whose combined weight was 891 pounds. The man weighed 478 and the wife 413 pounds. They were great curiosities to the travellers on the several trains which came in at the Western railroad depot on that day.

—Montgomery Queen has purchased 100 African ostriches, and is about colonizing them on his place near Haywoods, a small town fifteen miles from San Francisco. It is Mr. Queen's intention to raise ostriches solely for their plumage, each bird yielding over $200 worth of feathers yearly. He has invested $100,000 in the enterprise.

—An extraordinary wild animal has been agitating Somerset county, Illinois. He was a little like a caribou or half-grown moose. He would, when hunted, take his course through the most thickly settled portion of the villages; and he was brought down at Smithfield. He is the only animal of the kind ever seen in those parts; weight 250 pounds.

—On Saturday, at Easton, while several persons were engaged in hoisting a 1,500 lb. casting from a mould, the foundation of the large crane gave way. Courtland Bell, aged eighteen years, who had been turning the crank, fell beneath the ponderous apparatus and was fatally crushed. Hart Reed, a moulder, was badly hurt, and several others made narrow escapes.

—J. Ritz Burns, of Lewistown, whose accidental death is announced elsewhere, shot himself while watching a deer crossing on the mountain, about twelve miles from Philipsburg. He was dead when found on the arrival of his associates. He is supposed to have been standing on a log, when the gun slipped and was discharged by the hammer striking the log.

—Westervelt, the person who was convicted of being accessory to the abduction of Charlie Ross and sentenced at Philadelphia to seven years imprisonment in the Penitentiary, has failed to obtain relief from the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He will likely have to serve his term, as it is not probable that Governor Hartranft will exert the pardoning power in his behalf.

—Father Martin Egger, a Tyrolese Jesuit priest, is reported to have taken out a patent in Vienna for an electro-motor which makes the electro-magnetic current as available for driving purposes as steam. The Vienna Academy of Sciences have admitted the practicability of the invention, and have agreed to assist the inventor till his machine is completed. It will be sent to Philadelphia.

—There is a cooper in Paoli, Ind., who showed his lack of forethought the other day in a remarkable manner. He was making a cask, and bade his little son get inside to hold the staves steady while he fastened on the heads. When the heads were securely nailed, he bethought him for the first time of the lad who was shut up in the cask with no avenue of escape except the bung-hole.

—Four ministers of the Evangelical Church have just completed a church building in Wrightsville, Pa., which they erected with their own hands in twelve days, and it will be dedicated on next Sunday. They designed it and performed all the necessary work for its completion themselves, and in the meantime conducted a meeting at the chapel at Millersville, driving from one place to the other every evening and morning.

—A Flemingsburg (Ky.) lady recently achieved a remarkable task. She put a quilt on the frames one morning after breakfast, and on the evening of the day following the quilt was taken out finished. Besides doing this, which is itself a big undertaking, she attended to the dairy, churning twice, scrubbed a porch forty feet long, washed a little and assisted in catching one dozen chickens for the huckster, who was awaiting them.

—The *World* alludes thus irreverently to the evident design of the Grant party managers to get up a religious issue to carry them successfully through the canvass of next year: "A doleful piece of news this for Attorney General Pierrepont, President Grant and the other promoters of the great Popish plot! The Vatican has come to terms, as we predicted that it would, with the liberal Spanish Government on the question of the concordat in Spain."

—A Shelby (Ky.) paper is responsible for the statement that a young lady was recently married in that locality who was so exceeding modest when the hour for tying the matrimonial noose arrived that she had to be tied to the bed-post until the ceremony was performed. She was perfectly willing and even desirous of wedding the man of her choice, but the idea of marrying in the presence of any one else was more than her modesty could stand, hence the necessity of tying her.

IS IT YOU

Who said that you would like to get such Clothing as City People wear, rather than the *wholesale goods* commonly sold? This will tell you how to do it.

The very large increase of our business allows us to make A STILL LOWER SCALE OF PRICES, AND

You Can Save Enough

in buying a Suit at Oak Hall

TO PAY FOR THE TRIP

from anywhere in this County to the City of Philadelphia, and have a day of sight-seeing besides. Wanamaker & Brown stand by this Statement, and so will you after one trial.

Character of the Goods we sell! For Men & Boys.

TO be *sure* of what we sell we manufacture our goods, some of them in our own building. They are well cut, sewed and finished. They can be relied upon. Storekeepers out of the city misrepresent us when they say they sell our goods, as *we do not wholesale*, but confine ourselves to retail. We bear no ill-will to any one, and state this only because some dealers sell poor goods as coming from our house. To each of our customers we are responsible for articles bought of us. By our plan of Ticketing the *right names* of the materials on our goods, no one can be misled as to qualities.

How Wanamaker & Brown treat their CUSTOMERS.

THE price in plain figures and *nothing off*. The same price to acquaintances and strangers. To city people and country people equal advantages. With each article sold, a *Guarantee* is given, that the Price is as low as it can be bought anywhere, and that the quality is as represented; also, that the money will be paid back *in full*, if purchaser within 10 days wishes, for any reason, to return the goods, unworn.

Exactly where the Store is.

THIS is important indeed, because unprincipled people having stores in Philadelphia, *counterfeit* our signs, cards, advertisements, and stop strangers on the street, *with false directions* about where the store is, so that they may sell their counterfeit goods. There is but one Oak Hall in Philadelphia, it is a large building, the size of four ordinary stores, and on the South-east corner of SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH—SIXTH and Market Streets.

Those who cannot come to the City.

WE send patterns of material and prices by mail when requested. Persons can have made-up goods sent by Express, by sending their measure (we furnish easy directions that any one can measure by,) and describing color wanted, and price desired. Payment can be made to the Express Co. on receipt of goods, and the privilege of examining them is allowed before paying. Where goods do not please, we will return the money and pay the expressage back to Philadelphia.

You should be sure to see our name on the Building and over the door as you enter.

WANAMAKER & BROWN.

AN INGENIOUS CLOCK.—An ingenious piece of mechanism has been constructed by a gentleman residing at the southeast corner of Eighth and Arch streets, where the article is on exhibition. It is a clock in the shape of a pyramidal windmill tower, thirty inches high, having the dial-plate on one of its faces and the works hidden at the base. A variety of curious and laughable operations can, by one winding up, be made to continue for twenty-four hours. On the platform, at the foot of the tower, a band of rotund Liliputian peasants, clad in Continental costumes, are earning their bread by the sweat of their brows; one, with a formidable buck-saw in a match stick frame, is making hopeless headway through an unpainted pen-holder, and an assistant wood-butcher, with rapidly succeeding blows from an axe, is savagely cleaving a block just sawn from the log. A buxom kitchen lass is filling a water-pail at the pump, from the spout of which protrudes a round, corrugated bit of glass, made to revolve rapidly, thus causing the illusion of flowing water. A sturdy chap with impatient grimace is hoisting a hogshead to the top of the tower by means of a rope and pulley arrangement, while close by an anxious daddy is spanking a venturesome youngster for standing in danger from the falling weight. Now and then a door in the upper story slowly opens, and a cautious old granny peers out, looks down suspiciously at things below, and, seemingly displeased, quickly slams the door and disappears. Her jolly-featured "old man" goes through a similar performance on the other side of the house, leaning far out over the window-sill, hugely enjoying the contortions of the wood-cutters below, and then springing back to ask the old lady how things go on her side of the house. No mean amount of skill was required to make these comical clowns' movements so life-like and regular. A large wind-wheel is continually revolving, and the weather-vane at the summit veers around and twitches with natural irregularity. The inventor is not a Yankee.—*Phila. Times.*

IT is "given out" by a Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Times* that Senator Morton is in Washington hard at work manufacturing anti-Popery thunder for the President's forthcoming annual message. The wily Senator thinks he sees a veritable bonanza for the Republican party in this newly-hatched bugaboo, and is scouring the Congressional Library to obtain old Vatican decrees and other theological lumber of like irrelevancy to American political affairs. "No one need be surprised," the correspondent says, "at the President's displaying an unusual amount of emotion on the subject of the Catholic Church," since Morton is cramming on the subject and will duly prime him, so that the message shall speak "with no uncertain sound." For the rest it is stated that the message, while making no allusion to the possibility of war, will urge the recognition of the belligerent rights of the Cubans, and have much to say about the virtues of hard money. These are probably only shrewd guesses of a man on the ground, except as to the Indiana Senator and his pious researches in quest of a new and available issue upon which to conduct the next Presidential canvass. There is no doubt that Morton distrusts the further efficacy of the "bloody shirt," and is preparing for a vigorous assault upon the Pope's toe.—*Phila. Times.*

FRIGHFUL FATE OF A CHILD.—A special dispatch to the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* says: "A most heartrending calamity is reported to have occurred at Braman Station, on the M., K. and T. R. R., six miles from this city, on last Friday evening. Hon. L. Mathews, who represented Cooper county several years ago in the Lower House of the Legislature, and who now resides near Braman, better known as Martin Station, and a Mr. Haynes, also a resident at Braman, recently penned some hogs that had been running in the woods until they had become almost wild. While Mrs. Haynes was out milking her cows last Friday evening, and while Mr. Haynes was some distance away, their little son, about ten years old, climbed into the pen where six of the wild hogs were. As soon as his feet touched the ground the brutes seized him. The shrieks of the poor child soon reached the ears of his father and mother, who were near enough to witness the awful sight. The frantic mother first reached the pen, but not in time to save the boy. Here was an arm and there a leg, and the poor child was dead. What followed can be better imagined than described. Mr. Haynes and his stricken wife have the sympathy of the entire community."

—A Baltimore servant girl the other morning tried that good old time-honored plan of lighting the fire with kerosene. Nothing has benzine of her since.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Maryland EYE and EAR INSTITUTE
66 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, M. GEORGE RUELING, M. D., late Professor and Ear Surgery in the Washington University, Surgeon in charge.
The large handsome residence of the late CARROLL has been fitted up with all the improvements adopted in the latest Schools or Hospitals for the special treatment of this class of diseases. Apply by letter to GEORGE RUELING, M. D., Surgeon in Charge.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted, terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

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MEDICINE REVOLVED UNLESS
VOLTA'S ELECTRO BELTS and BANDS indorsed by the most eminent physicians of the world for the cure of rheumatism, neuralgia, complaint, dyspepsia, kidney disease, seminal weakness, nervous disorders, fits, female complaints, impotency and general debility, and other diseases of the chest, head, liver, stomach, kidneys and blood. Book with full particulars free by mail. Belt Co., Cincinnati, O.

$300 a month to energetic men and women everywhere. *Business honorable.* ELGIN M'F'G CO., 151 Michigan ave., Chicago.

$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Male and Female, in their own town. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Me.

FOUND! The best source of Business, the best system of practice, the most elegant penmanship, terms of board and tuition, at Northwestern Business College, Jamestown, N.Y. Circulars free.

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Liberal Terms & a chance for Second-hand Machines of every description.
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The Best Patterns made. Send 5 cts. for Catalogue.
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GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Editors and Publishers.

50 More than half a Century of DR. H. D. SELLERS'
a celebrated physician of Pittsburgh, discovered and used in his practice the popular remedy known as SELLERS' IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP. This is no QUACK remedy. It was born of wisdom; nurtured by science; and the cures are living witnesses of its wonderful curative powers. It is pleasant to take, and sure to cure Coughs, Colds, Croups, Bronchial Affections, Tickling in the Throat, and all diseases of a kindred nature.
R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., are also proprietors of JOHNSON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND, the great internal remedy for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, &c.
You can have a doctor always in your house by keeping SELLERS' Family Medicines on hand. Their Liver Pills are the oldest and best in the market, and every bottle of Sellers' Vermifuge is warranted.
For sale by all druggists and country dealers. A. A. BARKER & SON, Agents, Ebensburg, Pa.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC SALE.
BY virtue of an order issuing from the Orphans' Court of Cambria county, the undersigned will expose to public sale on the premises, on
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 4th, 1875,
at 2 O'CLOCK, P. M., all that FARM situate in Washington township, Cambria county, bounded by the Pa. R. R. Co. and others, containing
116 ACRES, 154 PERCHES,
and allowance, having thereon erected a
DWELLING HOUSE,
Stable and Outbuildings,
in good state of improvement.
TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, and balance in two equal annual payments, with interest, secured on the premises.
JOHN SH[illegible]
Trustee to sell the Real Estate of the late [illegible] BELL, dec'd.

THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.

Ebensburg, Pa.,

FRIDAY, - - NOV. 19, 1875.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

A WORD ABOUT OURSELF.—If we are to continue the publication of the FREEMAN we want a more definite and reliable understanding as to where the money is to come from than we have heretofore had, and now that the ninth volume is nearing its completion, we deem it a good time to say that if our readers are satisfied with the way we conduct the paper it is high time they should not only settle up old scores, but give us to understand that they are willing to pay in advance for the coming volume, which is really the only method, satisfactory alike to patrons and publisher, for carrying on a newspaper. We don't ask any one to pay us now for next year, but we do ask them to let us know, either by leaving their names with the postmaster at the office where they receive their papers, (for we are sure the several postmasters will do us the kindness to keep a list open for the purpose,) or by postal card, or in person, or by any other means, that they are willing to pay in advance at the usual reduction on the subscription. This too we want to know as soon as possible, because we are fully determined to pull up stakes if we do not receive better encouragement in the future than we have had in the past. What say you, friends? Shall we stay or go?

Here, There, and the Other Place.

—Our Thanksgiving dinner next Thursday threatens to be turkeyless.

—Belles and beaux at Belmont Wednesday night. Delightful hop, the second of the season.

—A Bedford man recently received a postal card from his daughter which contained 300 words.

—Huntingdon intends hereafter to make the tramping fraternity pay for what they get by working on the streets of that borough.

—John Bason was crushed to death by a fall of slate in an ore mine at Springfield Furnace, Blair county, on Monday morning last.

—A Philipsburg woman recently paid a large sum to have a wart removed from her nose. The wart was removed but the nose went with it.

—The $50 reward offered for information in regard to the whereabouts of Joseph ...stein, of Conemaugh borough, is still without a taker.

—A freight brakeman named Kelly is of an emphatic disposition just now, having had one of his big toes crushed under a car wheel at Conemaugh on Tuesday.

—A lady school teacher in Altoona was ... Uppermann in a contest with an incorrigible scholar. She has been prosecuted, but indications are that the bill will be ignored.

—The auction sale at E. J. Mills' store is still in progress and wonderful bargains are being scattered about promiscuously, very ... articles commanding anything like their real value. Sale every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

—Rev. D. Castleman, pastor of a M. E. church near Huntingdon, attended a funeral at ...ceville, that county, a few days ago, and had scarcely left the grave after the interment when he was stricken with paralysis and died immediately.

—On Friday evening last, the barn situated on one of Dr. H. Orlady's farms, above ...burg, Huntingdon county, together with about ten tons of hay, some grain, etc., was entirely destoyed by fire. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

—A young man named Wm. Hildebrand was brought to jail here on Tuesday night charged with being implicated in a recent ...ch disturbance in Taylor township. Other parties not yet arrested are said to have had a finger in the same pie.

—Martin Feighter and Sophia Bowser are charged on oath of D. J. Clark with having set fire to the barn of Peter Thompson, of ...ata township, Blair county, and the former is now incarcerated in the Hollidaysburg jail in default of $500 bail.

—Adultery, seduction, fornication and ...ardy were the bills which drew big ...es at the Huntingdon county court last week, no less than seven cases of the above description being on the boards during the two or three days of the term.

—The case of Joseph Lansbury, indicted for the murder of Deputy Provost Marshal ...er, in Clearfield county, on Sunday, Oct, ... 1864, was concluded in the United States Court at Pittsburgh on Saturday last. The jury was out twenty minutes, and returned a verdict of not guilty.

—Mr. Aug. Berkey reiterates his willingness to meet Mr. Frank Cramer in a friendly ...ing match at twenty-five yards, best in three shots, at any half way point between Ebensburg and Chest Springs, and at a time named by the latter gentleman, for the proposed purse of $15. How now?

—Mr. Joseph Brown, of Cambria township, was thrown from a wagon on Monday last in consequence of his team becoming frightened at the Branch train and running off, and his head came in contact with a ..., which inflicted a very ugly gash, besides receiving other injuries of a painful character.

—In addition to the destruction by an incendiary fire of the Phenix foundry in Hollidaysburg, an account of which is published in another column, three unsuccessful attempts were made during the same night to fire a row of small frame buildings on ...eny street, near the site of the new ... House.

—A lad named Beck is reported to have met with a shocking death near Cherry Tree, on the northern boundary of this county, a few days since, by being thrown from a cart and having his head caught between the ... of one of the wheels, which carried him once and a half around and then passed over his head, killing him instantly.

—Mr. Joseph Henderson has resigned his position as engineer on our Branch train and Mr. Thomas Masterson, lately promoted from the rank of fireman, has been assigned to the vacancy. We understand that Mr. Henderson intends going to Florida ere long for the benefit of his health, which is very much impaired at the present time.

—Rev. J. N. MacGonigle, pastor of the Presbyterian church in this place, left home on Monday an innocent young bachelor and returned Wednesday night a full fledged benedict. We have no particulars, but having had a squint at the young bride, we can say that she is pretty and we have no doubt ... May they live long and prosper.

—Capt. Robert Litzinger has been sworn in as an extra policeman for Johnstown borough, which now sports three guardians of the peace, two of whom are hereafter to do duty at night and the other during the day. Jas. B. McCreight is also to be, if he has not already been, qualified to act as special night watch for the Fifth and Sixth Wards.

—Susquehanna township, according to one of our correspondents, comes to the front with an ear of corn which throws Goodlander's brag ear completely in the shade. This a-maize-ing production is eight inches long and measures nine inches around the larger and six inches around the smaller end. Will the Clearfield Republican please acknowledge the corn?

—His feet flew from under him and he came down sock! He slowly arose, and, as he felt a cold current steal up his back, he tried to pull the end of his overcoat further down behind, while he enquired the way to the Star Clothing Hall 109 Clinton street, Johnstown. He wanted a pair of pants that would not "bust," and he was sure that Murphy had slathers and gobs of that kind.

—Messrs. John Wertner and Edgar McCormick, of Carroltown, indulged in a trial of skill one day last week at making a joint of stove-pipe each without the use of machinery, for a prize of $10, which was won by the latter gentleman, he having accomplished the feat in fifty-five seconds by the watch, leading Mr. Wertner just five seconds, the latter occupying a full minute in accomplishing the task.

—The snow may come and the snow may go; the sun may hide or the sun may glow; the weather be foul or the weather be fair; people who buy from Hess never need care, for clothing they'll get at prices quite low, that'll keep them warm wherever they go; and though Sol above with his heat may bless, he's nowhere on clothing compared to Hess, whose surname is likewise Sol. Nos. 241 and 243 Main street, Johnstown.

—A party of ladies and gentlemen from Altoona intend to participate in a grand hop at the Crawford House, in this place, on Wednesday night of next week, (the night before Thanksgiving,) and have extended invitations to several of our citizens to join with them in the festivities. Mine host Fitzharris will make ample arrangements for the feeding and accommodation of all who attend, and there is no doubt it will be a joyful occasion.

—John Lawville, convicted in the Huntingdon county court last week of stealing money from a young man at Spruce Creek, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for one year; Charles Trier, found guilty of the larceny of watches from Jacob Zillius, was sentenced to the same institution for two years and four months; and Charles M. Africa, who plead guilty to robbery, larceny and stealing from the person, was assigned to the same quarters for a term of six years and six months, all told.

—During a little unpleasantness at Cresson not long since between two men named W. T. Seigh, of New Florance, and Jacob Snyder, of Allegheny City, both of whom were connected with the "floating-gang" on the Pa. R. R., the latter got one of the fingers of the former in his mouth and chewed it in a fearful manner, for which cannibalistic feat he was arrested at Derry on Tuesday last and after a hearing in Johnstown was brought here and committed to jail to await trial at the coming Court.

—Oh, the river that floweth forever the same may follow the one channel and bear the one name; but the flowers on its margin, the trees and the grass, forever must change with the seasons that pass, and thereby remind us, as it does at this time, that for goods that are needful for such a cold clime, there's no dealer in town who in prices excel Messrs. Myers & Lloyd, whom you oft have heard tell keep a store on High street, where folks always can find bargains in dry goods, groceries, and goods of all kind.

—Mr. S. J. Luther sends us the dimensions of an ear of corn raised by Mr. Henry Miller, of Susquehanna township, which weighs 2¼ lbs. and is one inch shorter and has half an inch more girth around the smaller end than the ear described in another item. He also informs us that the same gentleman raised from 1¼ lbs, or 16 eyes of the Ohio Victor potatoes, no less than 54 lbs of mealy murphies, one of which weighed 2¼ lbs. Who can beat these productions, is the question pertinently asked by our correspondent.

—The approach of Thanksgiving and the proximity of the Christmas holidays should already begin to make people feel happy in anticipation of the coming delights, and as that happiness cannot but manifest itself in the countenances of all who come under its influence, no better time than the present could be thought of for securing excellent photographs at T. T. Spence's renowned Photograph Gallery, where elegant life-like pictures, eminently worthy of a place among the most desirable holiday gifts, can be obtained at the very lowest rates.

—St. Francis' College, Loretto, has once more aspired to the dignity of a silver cornet band, consisting of twelve of the pupils, whose names are as follows: Harry Campbell, San Francisco, Cal; Henry Jacob, Huntingdon; Michael McCann, Tyrone; Harry J. McHugh, James Morris and W. H. Giltman, Philadelphia, James Kelley, Savannah, Ga; David Hughes, P. Reagan and John Tracy, Pittsburgh; T. S. Troxel, Gallitzin; and P. Dolan, Parkersburg, W. Va. We hope the young gentlemen named will soon be able to give a good account of themselves.

—Several lady members of the Catholic church in this place are busy at work on the preliminary arrangements for a grand fair to be held in V. S. Barker's old store room, opposite our office, for the benefit of said church, during the coming court and also between the Christmas and New Year holidays. The ladies who have the matter in hand have had considerable experience in such enterprises, and there is no doubt but what their good taste and judgment will be fully displayed on this occasion. May the venture prove as much of a financial as we are sure it will be a social success.

—In view of Col. Lemon's recent election to the Senate by what it figures out as 183 majority, the Huntingdon *Journal* thinks he would be the right man to redeem this district and lay Hon. John Reilly on the shelf. As Mr. Reilly is yet to be heard from in Congress as well as in regard to another term, it is too early to cast his political horoscope, but if he is willing and Lemon and his friends anxious, we will bet all the money that is due us, and thas's not a mean pile, that the Republicans of this Congressional district will not want to take any more Lemon in their'n for many a day to come.

—Mr. John H. Law, of Hollidaysburg, was swindled out of $15 a few days ago by means of a false check on the First National Bank of that place, a sharper giving his name as Eli B. Ross having purchased $190 worth of goods and presented a fraudulent check, amount not stated, but as Mr. Law could not make the change the sharper agreed to take $15 in money and a due bill for the balance, saying that he would call for the goods and the rest of the "spons" in a day or two. Obtaining which, he skipped out and made himself scarce. Mr. Law will no doubt introduce him to his namesake —when he catches him.

—Miss Hattie Humphrey, daughter of Mr. Roland Humphrey, of Cambria township, while assisting her mother to prepare supper on Wednesday evening of last week, complained of a severe pain in her head, and by the advice of her mother seated herself in a chair, when she was seized with deathly illness, and after giving vent to an agonizing scream, relapsed into unconsciousness, in which condition she remained until the following day, when death put an end to her sufferings. The deceased was 16 or 17 years of age, and was of rather delicate constitution. She was a very exemplary young lady, and her sad and sudden death has brought great grief to many a loving heart.

—An individual giving his name as Rev. Charles McLaughlin, and claiming to be a Catholic priest from Indiana county, was found with one leg hanging out of a third story window in an Altoona hotel on Friday night last and yelling "murder" at the top of his voice. On repairing to his room it was found that his mind was deranged, he having conceived the idea that some one was trying to enter the apartment for the purpose of murdering him. He had an elegant gold watch and over $100 in money in his possession. As there is no priest of that name in Indiana county, nor indeed in the diocese, the story it will be seen lacks one essential particular to make it entirely reliable.

—Mr. Peter B. Myers, of Washington township, selected from his crop of turnips this year seventeen of the largest, the aggregate weight of which was 84 pounds. The largest of these turnips measured 2 feet 3½ inches in circumference, and the smallest nearly 18 inches—all the others averaging but little less than two feet in circumference. For mammoth productions of the turnip variety these are the heftiest yet reported, being something akin in size to the average pumpkin, and we doubt whether larger turnips will turn up anywhere this season, or next season either for that matter. The same gentleman had a pumpkin vine this year the main stem and branches of which measured 111 feet, all the offshoot of one seed.

—Mr. Geo. C. K. Zahm and his son James B., the latter of whom it will be remembered was released from jail less than two weeks ago on $4,000 bonds for his appearance to answer for the alleged embezzlement of certain funds from the banking house of Collins, Johnston & Co., in this place, were on Wednesday last arrested on oath of Mr. Philip Collins and taken before Justice Kinkead for a preliminary hearing, on the charge of conspiracy to defraud said bank. The hearing was subsequently adjourned until 9 o'clock yesterday morning, the accused furnishing $1,000 bail for their attendance at the time indicated. A still further postponement until one o'clock, p. m., of the said day, was then had, when a final hearing was given the accused, which resulted in holding the former in $2,000 and the latter in $1,500 bail for their appearance at Court to answer—Messrs. Geo. Huntly and C. T. Roberts becoming security for the father and Messrs. F. H. Barker and John A. Kennedy for the son. The amount involved is said to exceed $20,000.

ANOTHER FIRE.—About one o'clock on Saturday morning the alarm of fire was sounded from the furnace whistle. It did not require many minutes for firemen and citizens to get on the streets, when it was discovered that the building known as the Phenix Foundry was enveloped in flames. Notwithstanding the efforts of the fire department, the building was doomed, and in a very brief time after the discovery of the fire nothing but a mass of smouldering ruins marked the spot.

The building was a double one, the part used for the Phenix foundry being the property of A. McFadden, Esq. The other half, which was used as a manufactory of agricultural implements, was owned by G. W. Rhodes. The Foundry was not in operation at the time of its destruction, but Mr. Rhodes was doing quite a flourishing business. The loss of the latter will probably exceed $4,000, upon which he has an insurance with I. F. Beamer & Co., in the Ætna, of Hartford, Conn. Mr. McFadden's loss will probably be $2,000, upon which he has no insurance.

We regret for the fair fame of our town that we are obliged to say this fire was the work of incendiaries. Of this there can be no doubt. The smell of coal oil was plainly discernible. The fire had been kindled in two places. Mr. Rhodes is certain that there was no fire about the building until it was kindled by the unknown scoundrels who seem determined to destroy the town.

On Friday night some half dozen barrels of coal oil were left standing on the platform of the freight depot. About twelve o'clock Mr. Gilday, the watchman at the rolling mill, saw a man break in the head of one of these barrels. A huge chunk of ore weighing over sixty pounds was the weapon used. It is supposed that the man who broke in the barrel was one of the incendiaries.

On Saturday afternoon Thomas Dunn and John H. Smith were arrested on the charge of incendiarism. They were taken before Justice Lee, who held them in $500 each for a hearing on Monday afternoon.—*Hollidaysburg Standard.*

WE clip the following from the Pittsburgh *Daily Gazette* of the 11th inst. Premiums awarded by the Pittsburgh Exposition.

WEST POINT BOILER WORKS.

We have referred to the extensive and varied display in the line of steam boilers made by Col. Robert Munroe, of the West Point Boiler Works. It gives us great pleasure to note that this display has been properly appreciated. The judges, composed of practical and experienced machinists, after a careful inspection, awarded the first premiums on all the boilers exhibited by Col. Munroe. Here is the official record:

"1053. Best double flue boiler, silver medal, R. Munroe.

987. Best locomotive boiler, diploma, R. Munroe.

988. Best tubular boiler and fixtures, diploma, R. Munroe.

989. Best upright boiler and fixtures, diploma, R. Munroe.

The judges in this class also recommend that a silver medal be awarded R. Munroe for the best display of boilers."

This last premium—a silver medal for best display—was at once ordered by the Executive Committee upon the recommendation of the Judges, although it was not down on the regular list.

This signal triumph is a fitting tribute to the enterprise of Col. Munroe and the superiority of his manufactures. The West Point Boiler Works, located at No. 13 Water street, Pittsburgh, has long enjoyed a reputation, which is not excelled by any similar establishment in the country, and this is but a fresh testimonial in corroboration of the general reputation of the works. They are the largest and most complete works of the kind in this vicinity. A greater variety of work is turned out, and the character of it is attested by this high endorsement in the face of all competitors. The extensive trade enjoyed by the "West Point" in a quiet way is indicative of the appreciation in which the boilers coming from that establishment are held. We are glad to note the success of this great establishment, which is an honor to our "Iron City."

RELIABLE DRUGGISTS AND INVALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.—Read the advertisement headed "50" in this paper. Dr. H. D. Sellers was, for many years, one of the leading and most celebrated family physicians in the city of Pittsburgh, and surrounding country. His Cough Syrup, at this day, will be found in almost every family there. Messrs. R. E. Seller & Co. is one of the most extensive, reliable and popular firms in that city, and their family medicines are the best and most popular in the country.

GREAT FIRE AT IRWIN—LOSS NOT LESS THAN $70,000.—Irwin Station Westmoreland county, was visited by a destructive conflagration on Tuesday morning last the particulars of which we glean from the Greensburg *Democrat* of the 17th inst:

The terrible alarm of fire! fire! rang through the streets of Irwin, at about two o'clock on Tuesday morning, arousing the citizens to the fearful realization of sudden destruction of property, rendering them houseless and without a home for the coming winter.

The fire was found belching out masses of smoke and tongues of flame from the centre of what is known as Commercial Row, a block of wooden buildings on the west side of Main street, comprising some of the principal stores and business houses in the place, and containing also the dwellings of number of families.

The fire seems to have originated in a billiard saloon, in what is known as Geohring's building. The saloon had been closed on Monday, and no one was, therefore, about the premises, and it is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The flames spread rapidly to the adjoining buildings. On the south was Bailey's building adjoining, occupied as a store room and dwelling, which was almost immediately enveloped in flames; next Rodebaugh's block was reached which was occupied by A. Bear, dealer in boots and shoes, a clothing store, an oyster saloon, and Rodebaugh's shoe shop and dwelling, all of which succumbed to the whirlpool of flames, like so much straw. The Geohring building contained a billiard saloon, the drug store of Copeland & Kimberly, the dental establishment of Loughery & Basinger.—Adjoining, on the north of this, was the building of Bilheimer & Boyd, who were carrying on the hardware business. The flames then reached Peter Long's dwelling, then Sargeant's dry goods and grocery store, in Benj. Copeland's building, next a dwelling belonging to Joseph Copeland and occupied by Mrs. M. Bowers as a boarding house, continuing in its march of ruin the dwelling of S. C. Remsberg, Esq., was swallowed up, and a tenant house on the rear of his lot, when in other leaps of the fiery fiend the building of John McWilliams, on the corner of Main and Third streets, was reached. To stop the further progress of the fire eight kegs of powder were placed under the building and blown up. It had been occupied by his sons, Thos. McWilliams, jeweller, Richard McWilliams, tinner, and as a residence by himself, and also by the small printing establishment of the *Irwin Spray*.

The fire was also carried across Main street to the dwelling and meat shop of John Gregg, and to the office of Dr. Sowash, and Jos. McQuiston, Esq., which were both totallly consumed.

Here, from this vast pile of combustible material, the fire soared upward in one sheet of lurid flame, striking terror to the hearts of the citizens, and illuminating the country around for miles in circumference, with no fire department or engines to control its march. The Westmoreland Coal Company fortunately brought on the premises their hooks and ladders, buckets, etc., and Mr. Shallenberger, the Superintendent of the Company, deserves great credit for the timely assistance rendered.—Word had also been sent to Pittsburgh for aid, but was countermanded when the fire stayed its progress.

The losses, so far as we could obtain figures, amount as a total to about $70,000, which in some cases is wholly and in others partly covered with insurance. The calm night alone saved the town from total destruction. During the fire thieves were busy carrying away goods, many of whom may yet be sorry for it.

CREATED NO SURPRISE.—The award of a silver medal—the *highest* prize—to S. S. Marvin & Co., for the Best Assortment of Crackers and Biscuit displayed at the recent Exposition seems to have been taken for granted. The public has already pronounced the same verdict. Diplomas were also awarded to the same firm for the Best Self-raising Flour, the Best Self-raising Buckwheat, and the Best Self-raising White Corn Meal.—These diplomas were awarded for the products of Marvin & Co.'s self-raising flours in competition with the products of the various Baking Powders. The awards were not based upon specimens specially prepared for the Exposition. The public can *always* find equally good articles at the works, Nos. 91, 93 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

Our readers who are in the habit of procuring as a portion of their dainties for Thanksgiving, some of the various delightful Crackers, Biscuit, and Small Cakes manufactured by Marvin & Co., should bear in mind that the 25th of November is near at hand, and should send in their orders immediately. This house is pushed to the utmost of its capacity to meet the demands made upon it at this season, and orders will be faithfully booked as received and filled as speedily as possible. Send all orders at once.

PROBLEM SOLVED.—Mr. J. C. Trout, of Antistown, Blair county, sends the following solution to Mr. O'Friel's original arithmetical problem published by us last week: A traveled 1,467½ miles and was 73¾ days on the road, while B got over 1,755½ miles of ground in 67 days. That is one answer to the problem, but it is not the one sent with the question by the author, which reads as follows: A traveled 1,553 miles in 77 13-20 days, and B completed a journey of 1,690 miles in 65 days. The reader can pay his money and take his choice. Mr. O'Friel sends us another original contribution of a like character, which we append:

A and B bought 400 acres of $4 per acre, both being equal partners in the purchase. On dividing the land A's portion was valued at 80 cents per acre more than B's portion. How much land did each get and how much did each pay per acre—each one getting $800 worth?

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—Are you suffering with Consumption, Coughs, Severe Colds settled on the breast or any disease of the Throat and Lungs? If so, go to your Druggists, Lemon & Murray, Ebensburg, or to Woleslagle & Son, Wilmore, and get a bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP. This medicine has lately been introduced from Germany, and is selling on its own merits. The people are going wild over its success, and druggists all over our country are writing us of its wonderful cures among their customers. If you wish to try its superior virtue get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Large size bottle 75 cents. Three doses will relieve you. Try it.

HYMENEAL.

LAKE—LATENER.—Married, at the Church of the Holy Name, in this place, on Tuesday evening, Nov. 16, 1875, by Rev. Father Boyle, JOHN G. LAKE, Esq., and Miss TILLIE, daughter of Mr. Michael Latener, all of Ebensburg. No cards.

There it is, "Lake—Latener." Get down your map and see—but no, never mind; it's a newly formed Lake and is not on the map. Besides that it is not a body of water, being confined by matrimonial and not by geographical limits and composed of two bodies with souls which beat as one. In other words, it is a union which binds one of our most esteemed and worthiest masculine friends to one of the fairest and most estimable young ladies of which our community can boast. Eminently fitted and eminently deserving of each other, a happy wedded experience we feel sure awaits them, and which we hope will be of long duration. May their voyage down the stream of life be a pleasant and prosperous one, and may they now and then have occasion to tarry by the way to contemplate the sweet little Lakes which we trust will greet them ere the last of earthly harbors has been reached. So mote it be.

EVANS—SHRYOCK.—Married, at the residence of the bride's parents, on Wednesday last, Nov. 17, 1875, by Rev. ——— ———, ALVIN EVANS, Esq., of this place, and Miss KATE SHRYOCK, of Wilmore.

Another promising young "limb of the law" and another of Cambria's fair and amiable young daughters made happy for all time to come. Well it is meet and right that so worthy a man should be blessed with loving and so excellent a wife, and now that he has taken her to a heart that will cherish and a home that will shelter, no one among their many friends will fail to wish them all the blessings that pertain to wedded life when the contracting parties, as in this instance, are properly mated.

FLICK—PFOFF.—Married, at the Catholic church in Loretto, on Tuesday last, Nov. 16th, by Rev. E. A. Bush, Mr. PETER FLICK and Mrs. KATE PFOFF, both of that place.

BURNHEIMER—M'BRIDE.—Married, October 23d, in Cambria township, by Rev. W. H. Settlemire, Mr. JAMES BURNHEIMER and Miss MATTIE M. M'BRIDE.

OBITUARY.

BERKEY.—Died, in Carrolltown, on Thursday, Nov. 11, 1875, Mrs. Catharine Berkey, wife of John Berkey, aged 82 years, 7 months and 8 days.

COLE.—Died, in Carroll township, on Friday, Nov. 12, 1875, Mr. Henry Cole, aged 78 years, 4 months and 22 days.

NOTICE.—Having purchased at Constable sale and left during my pleasure with JOHN BEEKEL, the following described personal property to wit: 1 bay mare, 1 three-year old heifer, 1 cooking stove and utensils, 2 tables, one set chairs, 1 doughtray, 1 sink, 1 clock, 1 mirror, 2 bedsteads, 12 bushels wheat, 18 bushels buckwheat, 40 bushels oats, 2 hogs, 3 pigs, a lot of hay and straw, and 1 windmill, I hereby caution all persons against interfering with said property. H. J. KRUMENAKER.
Barr Twp., Nov. 6, 1875. [19-3t.*]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of J. K. HITE, dec'd.
Letters of Administration on the estate of JOSIAH K. HITE, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased, have been issued to the undersigned, who hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made forthwith, and those having claims or demands against the same are requested to present them properly probated for settlement.
JOHN H. HITE, Administrator.
Nov. 19, 1875.-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of ELIZABETH MILLER, dec'd.
Letters testamentary on the estate of ELIZABETH MILLER, late of Loretto borough, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having accounts against the same should produce them duly authenticated for settlement. F. O'FRIEL, Executor.
Loretto, Nov. 19, 1875.-6t.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & Co.
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, PA.
MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT,
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
MONEY LOANED, COLLECTIONS MADE,
AND A GENERAL
BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.
☞ Special attention paid to business of correspondents. JAS. P. MURPHY,
Nov. 19, 1875.-tf. Cashier.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Opera House in Johnstown, on **Saturday, the 4th day of December next,** at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, to wit:
ALL the right, title and interest of Henry Mentzell, of, in and to a lot or piece of ground situate in Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., containing about 3 acres, more or less, and bounded as follows, to wit: Fronting on the Conemaugh river and adjoining lands of ——— Bishop and Emanuel James, having thereon erected a two story dwelling house and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of Geo. Walters. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Seiferth & Co.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John Now, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Chestnut street, having Second street on the one side and lot of Adam Bopp on the other side, and extending back to an alley, having thereon erected a two story dwelling house, a plank stable, and a two story building, now in the occupancy of John B. Myers. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Germania Building and Loan Association, No. 1, of Johnstown.
TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.
HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 13, 1875.

SHERIFF'S SALES.
BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, *Alias Vend. Expon.* and *Fi. Fa.*, issued out of the District Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Opera House in Johnstown, on
Saturday, the 4th day of December next, at 1 O'CLOCK, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:
ALL the right, title and interest of Bartley Hoy, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the borough of East Conemaugh, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Penn'a Rail Road and adjoining lot of John Hoy, and extending back to the Conemaugh river, having thereon erected a two story dwelling house and a frame stable, now in the occupancy of Bartley Hoy. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Akers & Baumer, now for use of D. McLaughlin.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Adam Pfarr, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Cambria borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Chestnut street and adjoining lot of Conrad Meyer on the one side and lot of John Stenger on the other side, and extending back to an alley, having thereon erected a two story house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of the Widow Pfarr and Adam Pfarr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the German Workman Society.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Chas. Ahrns, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county, Penn'a, fronting on Portage street and adjoining lot of John Venult on the one side and lot of Martin Fox on the other side, and extending back to a lot of the Cambria Iron Company, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of Charles Ahrns. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of J. Zimmerman, now for use of Edward Zimmerman.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Henry W. Reiking, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in the Fourth Ward, Johnstown, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street, having Adams street on one side and lot of John Ludwig on the other side, and extending back to an alley, having thereon erected a two story frame house, now in the occupancy of Henry W. Reiking. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Kickenapawling Tribe, I. O. of R. M.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Wm. P. Patton, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in the Fourth Ward, Johnstown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Bedford street and having Stony creek on the one side and an alley on the other side, and extending back to lot of Hon. John F. Barnes, having thereon erected a two story plank furniture shop and a one story furniture wareroom, now in possession and occupancy of Wm. P. Patton. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Burkey and Gay Furniture Company.
TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.
HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Johnstown, Nov. 13, 1875.

NOTICE.—IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF CAMBRIA COUNTY:
SARAH JANE SMITH, by her next friend, MORGAN HUGHES, vs. THOMAS P. SMITH. } No. 38, September Term, 1875. C. D. *Alias Subpœna in Divorce*
TO THE RESPONDENT ABOVE NAMED: You are hereby required to appear at a Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Ebensburg, for the County of Cambria, on the FIRST MONDAY OF DECEMBER NEXT, to answer the complaint of the libellant in the above stated case.
HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 8, 1875.-4t.


Meyer's Poultry Powder.
Warranted, if used in time, to cure chicken cholera and gapes. With a supply of this Powder and a bestowal of ordinary attention to cleanliness and proper feeding, with a needful supply of dust, grit and eggshell-forming material, any one may keep Poultry (even in confinement) for any length of time, with both profit and pleasure. Package 25 cts., five for $1.00. Ask your dealer. Sent free upon receipt of price. Address,
A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore.

STRAY CATTLE.—Came into the enclosure of the subscriber, in Chest township, one black Heifer, supposed to be one year and a half old, and one red Steer, supposed to be about the same age. There are no marks or spots on the heifer, but the steer has white on its legs, a white stripe over the rump and warts on its right eye. The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away; failing in which within the time specified, they will be disposed of as the law directs.
Nov. 12, 1875.-3t. ADAM LEIDEN.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.
Estate of JAMES BROWN, dec'd.
Letters of Administration on the estate of JAS. BROWN, late of Munster township, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.
BRIDGET BROWN, Adm'x.
Munster Twp., Nov. 12, 1875.-6t.

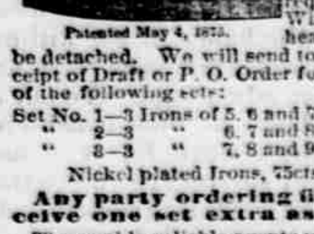
EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of ANASTASIA MORELAND.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Anastasia Moreland, dec'd, late of Wilmore Borough, haveing been granted the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
JAMES MORELAND, Executor.
Wilmore, Nov. 12, 1875.-6t.*

Sheriff's Sales.
BY virtue of sundry writs of *Vend. Expon.*, *Fi. Fa.*, *Plurius Fi. Fa.*, and *Levari Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on
Monday, the 6th day of December next,
at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, to wit:
ALL the right, title and interest of Michael Dugan, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate partly in Summerhill township and partly in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Neal Dugan, the Catholic church property and Township road, containing 46 acres, more or less, about 25 acres cleared. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Michael Dugan, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and extending back to an alley, adjoining lots of George Wendthroth and A. J. Hartsock, having thereon erected a one story frame house, not occupied. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of Michael Dugan, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in Wilmore borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and adjoining lot of Joseph Horner, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame stable, in the occupancy of Michael Dugan, and a two story frame building, not occupied. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of P. M. Woleslagle & Son.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Samuel Reese, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Jones, John Eakins, and John Reese, containing 50 acres, more or less, about 12 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and a log barn, now in the occupancy of Samuel Reese. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of William Makin, administrator of Elizabeth Sharer, dec'd.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John S Luther, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Barr township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph Houck, Francis Luther, and others, containing 150 acres, more or less, about 30 acres cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank house, in the occupancy of Edw'd Weaver, and a two story plank house, frame barn, and water saw mill, in the occupancy of John S. Luther. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Lloyd & Co.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Peter Seymore, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of And'w Eckenrode, Joseph Miller, Miles Edmiston, and others, containing 110 acres, more or less, about 20 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story frame house, board stable, and water saw mill, in the occupancy of Charles McCombie, and a two story plank house, in the occupancy of Hiram Edmiston. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Joseph Gray, now for use of Thomas Griffith.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Nicholas Haller, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting 66 feet on the old Portage Railroad and extending back 166 feet to land of heirs of M. M. Adams on the north and lot of M. B. M'Laughlin on the south, having thereon erected a two story frame house and a plank stable, now in the occupancy of Nicholas Haller, and a two story plank house, in the occupancy of Samuel Dill. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Michael Bracken and others.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John W. Gillespie, of, in and to the following pieces or tracts of land, to wit: A piece or parcel of land situate in Summerhill township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of James McGough, Penn'a Rail Road, Patrick Kelly, and others, containing 10 acres, more or less, unimproved. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of John W. Gillespie, of, in, and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Mrs. Rose McGough, containing 2 acres, more or less, all cleared and under fence. *Also*, all the right, title and interest of John W. Gillespie, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in the village of Portage, Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Penn'a Rail Road and adjoining lots of Jesse McGough and Mary McGough, having thereon erected a two story plank house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of John W. Gillespie. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Schmidt & Friday.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Kunsman, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Beers, Sam'l Dean, Chas. Younken, and others, containing 60 acres, more or less, all cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house, frame barn, and coal bank in working order, in the occupancy of Jacob Kunsman, and a two story frame house, in the occupancy of Charles Kunsman. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Nelson, jr.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of P. F. Kearney, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Daniel Delaney, John McCoy, James Maloney, and others, containing 90 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story log house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of John Gibbons. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. F. Jackson.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of P. W. Pringle, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Jackson township, Cambria county, Pa., beginning at a hemlock; thence by tract of Isaac Bowser 52 degrees, West 160 perches, to a post; thence by tract of John Hubley, north 58 degrees, West 75 perches, to a post on line of tract of John Wigton; thence by said old survey, north 33 degrees, west 189 perches, to a post; thence by land late of Alter & Replier, north 88 degrees, east 180 perches, to the place of beginning—containing 127 acres and 80 perches, being part of a larger tract in the name of Jacob Rupp, having thereon erected a one story plank house, water saw mill and board stable, now in the occupancy of Philip Pringle. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of P. M. Woleslagle & Son.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Robert Hallen, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in White township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John Gwin, Benjamin Myers, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 50 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of Robert Hallen. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. L. Johnston.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Philip Thomas, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Joseph Vance, Daniel Yahner, Martin Detrich, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less about 25 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house and log stable, now in the occupancy of Philip Thomas. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit A. A. Barker & Son, endorsee of Joseph Gantner.
ALSO, all the right title and interest of John W. Mason, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Valentine Kriso, Joseph Baker, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story log house and log barn, now in the occupancy of John W. Mason. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of F. D. Saupp.
ALSO, all the right title and interest of Thomas W. Williams, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Wm. D. Pryce on the north, John M. Williams on the west, and the Township Road leading from Ebensburg to Behe's Mill, containing 2 acres, more or less. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of John Williams, for use of R. R. Davis.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Harry Marlett, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jane McGuire, James McGuire, and others, containing 108 acres, more or less, about 40 acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of Harry Marlett. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of S. Klinecordlinger & Co.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Robert A. Campbell, of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situate and being in the Borough of Carrolltown, in the county of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post and corner of lot of Nicholas Nagle and St. Joseph street; thence with said street, north 67 feet, to a post and corner of lot of Henry Stoltz; thence east by said lot 200 feet to a post on Pleasant alley; thence by said alley, south 67 feet, to a post; thence west with lot of Nicholas Nagle 200 feet to a post and place of beginning; together with the hereditaments and appurtenances. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Susannah Campbell.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Joseph Yoder, of, in and to the following described building and lot of ground situate at South Fork, Croyle township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded as follows: On the north by a street or road; on the east by an alley, and on the west by lot of John G. Murphy. It is a two story frame dwelling house, 16x20 feet, with a kitchen adjoining 14 feet square. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Jacob C. Stineman.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John H. Noel, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Chest township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of James Ryan, Jacob Stoltz, and Bennet Sawyer, containing 100 acres, more or less, about 15 acres of which are cleared having thereon erected a two story plank house and log stable, now in the occupancy of John H. Noel. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Douglass.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of David K. Wilhelm, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in the village of Lilly's, Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on a street and adjoining lot of William McCloskey and others, having thereon erected a one-and-a-half story plank House and plank stable, now in the occupancy of Alice Hagan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Philip Pritz.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of John W. Griffith, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of John W. Jones, John E. Jones, Henry Jones, and others, containing 17 acres and 149 perches, about 70 acres cleared, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame barn, now in the occupancy of John W. Griffith. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Wm. J. Edwards, Ex'r of Richard Edwards, dec'd.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Dominick Eger, of, in and to a piece or lot of ground situate in Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and extending back to a private alley, having Scanlan alley on the north and H. O. Stoltz on the south, having thereon erected a two story frame house, frame stable, and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Dominick Eger.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Dominick Eger, of, in and to a lot of ground situate in Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on St. Mary's alley and extending back to St. Joseph's alley, adjoining an alley on the north and land of heirs of Lutzian Binder on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of James Walters. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. Baum.
ALSO, all the right, title and interest of Joseph Refner, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Barr township, Cambria county, Pa., containing 35 acres, more or less, about 10 acres cleared, adjoining land of John Anderson, Wm. McDonald, and others, having thereon erected a dwelling house, part log and part plank, and log stable, now in the occupancy of Joseph Refner. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Peter Garman.
TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.
HERMAN BAUMER, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 13, 1875.

GRAPHIC
SELF-FEED
BASE BURNER,
GUARANTEED TO BURN
Soft Coal, Hard Coal
OR COKE.
MANUFACTURED BY
A. Bradley & Co.
No. 30 Wood Street,
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Mrs. M. MOORE,
325 Penn Avenue, near 10th St.,
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Will open the first week in November a choice and elegant assortment of the latest novelties for Winter in
SILK VELVET SUITS,
Damasse Camel's Hair Costumes,
Sicillienne Jackets,
Hats and Bonnets,
And a large invoice of
SEAL SKIN SAQUES,
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John Dibert & Co.,
BANKERS,
Corner Main and Franklin Sts.,
JOHNSTOWN, Pa.
Accounts of Merchants and other business people solicited. Drafts negotiable in all parts of the country for sale. Money Loaned and Collections Made. Interest at the rate of Six Per Cent. per annum allowed on Time Deposits.
Savings Deposits Books issued, and Interest Compounded Semi-annually when desired.
A General Banking Business Transacted.
Sept. 10, 1875.-6m.

IXL—THE WOMAN'S FRIEND
THE BEST FINISHED AND MOST PERFECT "FLAT IRON" EVER MADE.
Interchangeable Handle and Shield Combined.


Patented May 4, 1875.
The handle is entirely separate, and may be used for any number of Irons. It can be adjusted instantly, and being provided with a shield the hand is completely **protected** from the heat. **No holder** is required when using. When the Iron is being heated, the handle must be detached. We will send to any address, on receipt of Draft or P. O. Order for the amount, either of the following sets:
Set No. 1—3 Irons of 5, 6 and 7 lbs., 1 handle, $2.00
" 2—3 " 6, 7 and 8 lbs., " 2.30
" 3—3 " 7, 8 and 9 lbs., " 2.60
Nickel plated Irons, 75cts. per set extra.
Any party ordering five sets will receive one set extra as a premium.
Thoroughly reliable agents wanted.
Address BROOKLYN SAD IRON CO.,
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NOTE.—Sample can be seen at the office of this paper.

Iron City College.
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For upwards of twenty years the leading business College of the United States, affords unequalled advantages for the thorough, practical education of young and middle aged men. Students admitted at any time. ☞ For circulars, address,
J. C. SMITH, A. M.,
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☞ The "IRON CITY COLLEGE is the *only* institution of the kind, in this city, that we recommend to the public patronage."—*Presbyterian Banner*, Pittsburgh Pa. [9-17.-3m.]

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The oldest and best appointed Institution for obtaining a Business Education.
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P. DUFF & SONS,
[9-3.-3m.eom.] Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. H. PLANK, M. D., respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office adjoining residence and immediately in the rear of Hon. R. J. Lloyd's drug store. Night calls can be made at the residence of Mrs. Bunn, on Crawford street, Ebensburg. [4-24.-tf.]

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office on High street, nearly opposite Blair's Hotel. Residence: 1 Town Hall, Julian street where night calls should be made [4-4.-tf.]

ALEXANDER TAIT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
Office recently occupied by M. J. Buck, M. D. in rear of John Buck's store. Night calls may be made at Mr. Buck's residence. [10-1.'75.]

J. B. McCONNELL, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
LORETTO, PA.
Office formerly occupied by Dr. Jamison. Night calls can be made at Post-office. [5-14.-6m.*]

A WONDERFUL OPERATION.

HOW THE ... IS TAKEN IN AND DONE FOR.

By the improved processes of slaughtering, within the brief space of two and a half minutes a hog loses his place in the world as a portion of the vitalized creation and becomes so much bacon, so many spare-ribs and such a quantity of lard. As the process involves the personality of the hog to some extent, we will begin with him in his living, breathing form. He is contained in an immense pen on the ground floor of the building, and there are a good many of him, say five or six hundred at a time. The porcine grunters having had their doom duly sealed, spoken their "last words," and tearfully handed around among their ailing and spared companions a few locks of bristles and mementoes, are driven up a gangway to the slaughter-pen, where an able-bodied colored gentleman claps a chain around their hind legs, one at a time, and the pressure of a steam lever jerks the struggling and loudly squealing pig into the air. He is now suspended on a horizontal bar about thirty feet long. The chain by which he is suspended slides along the bar, and before he fairly comprehends the situation another man, gory to his very armpits, plunges a knife into his throat, and taps the life current. He squeals and kicks about half a second, and before the "vital spark has fled" has beside him a former comrade of the pen, who has met with the same misfortune, and, with him, is on the way to meet his Gadarene ancestors. There is a constant line of stuck hogs passing down this elevated bar, and when they get to the end of it they are dead, and are plumped into an enormous tank of boiling water. The great personal pride of a pig-sticker is to have very little if any squealing on the part of a hog after he introduces his knife into his jugular. There was a "sub" on deck yesterday afternoon, and the pigs squealed a good deal, so much, in fact, that his assistants were disposed to complain.

The hogs take their post-mortem warm bath, into which they are plunged from the iron rod, eight and ten at a time, and, by means of a revolving iron skid operated by steam at one end of the tank, are thrown out singly upon a long wooden table, on which they are scraped by twelve or fifteen men. They start in rough, shaggy and dirty at one end of the table, and reach the other end as clean and white as may be. At the far end of the table one man cuts off the head, another flops the bloodless trunk over to a gang below, who "gut" him, hang him up and cool him off with a stream of water. The beheading process is new here, we believe, and comes from acephalous Chicago. It is claimed that by cutting off the head the hog is more speedily cooled, and that the lard, tongue and head pieces are got at a day in advance of the old method. The hams are also "faced" and the inside fat taken out while the hog is still warm, instead of waiting for it to cool as formerly, and the innovation is said to be very advantageous. When the heads have been cut off, the entrails and fatty substance taken out and the hams dressed, the cleaned hogs are hung on runaways between the joist of the drying room and run into that department to cool. Nearly all the houses on the avenue will "hang" about 3,500 hogs on a floor. In this room, when the hogs are sufficiently cool, they are cut up into all the various forms of pork—hams, shoulders, middles, &c., and the men who do the cutting use their knives and saws with the skill and precision of anatomists, cleaning a bone when it is to be thrown away that a hungry dog would pass it by in disgust. Since the adoption of the new method of taking off the heads and "facing" the hams in the killing-room, the cutters work very fast and to much better advantage. To cut up a thousand hogs is now considered only a fair day's work for one man, and in the busy season even more than that amount of work is exacted. All of the houses are supplied with huge iron vats extending from the killing room to the floor below, in which the fatty portions of the hog are boiled or steamed into lard. An improvement known as "Caldwell's Manhead," has recently been made to these vats. It is a manhead in the centre of the bottom of the tank instead of at the side as in the old tanks, and its utility is that when the cooking process is complete it is opened and the "chowder" or "slush," as the refuse of the lard is called, drops out at once. The old tanks had to cool so as to allow a man to go into them and shovel out the "chowder," and that generally required two or three hours. When the lard is "done" it is pumped into an elevated galvanized receiver called a "zig-zag," some thirty by twelve feet square, and traversed by gutters aggregating in length nearly 400 feet. The lard having passed through these gutters passes through a long pipe to another receiver, from which it is drawn into the tierces in which it finds its way to market. The bristles go to the brush factory or mattress-maker; the brains become "head-cheese," the feet are sold at the restaurant as "Irish quail," and the blood flows into a big wooden vessel directly under the killer, is warmed by steam pipes until it congeals into a sort of jelly and is then readily sold as a fertilizer.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

COTTAGE PUDDING.—One cup sugar, one cup flour, three eggs, four tablespoonfuls milk, three tablespoonfuls baking powder; bake in one loaf. Cream for the Pudding.—One egg, one cup of sugar, half a cup of flour, one pint of milk, boil until thick; flavor both with lemon or vanilla.

NOVEMBER, '75.

LADIES'
MERINO VESTS AND DRAWERS.
CHILDREN'S
MERINO VESTS AND DRAWERS
INFANTS'
MERINO CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.
The largest and most complete assortment ever offered in Johnstown, will be found at
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S.

Money Saved
BY BUYING
BLACK CASHMERES,
BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK CRAPE D'ETES, AND BLACK SILKS, FROM
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AND TOWELINGS,
In common and fine quality, can be bought at very low prices at
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S.

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TIES, COLLARS, CUFFS,
RUFFLES, AND NOVELTIES IN FANCY GOODS,
always found first at
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The largest and most complete assortment in in Johnstown of
LADIES', GENTS', AND CHILDREN'S HOSE,
will be found at
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Ready-Made CLOAKS,
NEW AND FASHIONABLE,
Decidedly the most desirable stock in Johnstown, will be found at
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S,
Nos. 113 and 115 Clinton Street,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS, &c.
The largest stock to select from and the place to find the choice patterns, at low prices, is at
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S.

FOR FASHIONABLE AND DESIRABLE
DRESS GOODS!
AND
TRIMMINGS,
There is no place in Johnstown to be compared to
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S.

TICKINGS, SHEETINGS
Ducks, Drillings and
PILLOW-CASE COTTONS.
You will be sure to get the worth of your money by buying from
GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN.

LADIES' FURS, FURS, FURS!
Ladies' Gloves, Gloves, Gloves!
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Importers, Manufacturers, and Dealers in all kinds of
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MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED
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GENERAL WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR THE
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Dealers in Distin & Co.'s (London), Besson (London), Saxe (Paris), Piston Valve, and our own mak of Rotary Valve BAND INSTRUMENTS. The best and freshest Strings for all Instruments constantly on hand.

Being PUBLISHERS of SHEET MUSIC, we make this branch a specialty, and always keep a full stock of the latest and best pieces on hand. Our stock of music books of all kinds is complete.
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Clergymen, Principals of Seminaries, Leaders of Bands, Teachers, and all wishing to purchase Musical Goods, will find it to their interest to communicate directly with us.
Catalogues and Price Lists furnished free on application.
WAREROOMS, No. 12 Sixth Street, (Late St. Clair.)
[1-29.-1y.] PITTSBURGH, PA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
CENTENNIAL
HISTORY OF THE U. S.
The great interest in the thrilling history of our country makes this the fastest selling book ever published. It contains over 400 fine historical engravings and 900 pages, with a full account of the approaching grand Centennial celebration. Send for a full description and extra terms for Agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia.

READ THIS VERY CAREFULLY.—Dr. CRUMB, established for many years in Buffalo, by an entirely new system of medication, treats successfully Catarrh, Bronchitis, and Diseases of the Lungs, Liver and Kidneys also Difficulties of a Confidential Nature, wherein skill and experience are required. Dr. Crumb has developed a practice which from its unparalleled success in thousands of cases, many of a very aggravated character, is able to positively guarantee a perfect and permanent cure in every case he undertakes. He sends no Circulars or Treatises on these diseases to his patients, as it is undeniable that such knowledge is in general extremely prejudicial, exercising an injurious effect by retarding and frequently counteracting a cure, tending to alarm the patient, which is the principal object of such productions, and excites and exaggerates his fears as to the curability of his complaint. The Doctor requires simply a brief history of the case, and a candid, plain statement of present symptoms—a thorough examination will then be made, and if considered remediable, a sincere, conscientious opinion will be given promptly and such medicine as will be applicable will be sent by express, accompanied by full and explicit advice and directions. Charges very moderate and within the reach of all, and success guaranteed. (Such cases as have failed under other treatment particularly desired.) All letters must enclose $1.00 for consultation fee and correspondence during treatment, and be addressed to DR. W. R. CRUM, 102 Pearl Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.

Prescription Free
for the speedy cure of special troubles common to the young and middle-aged. Nervous, mental and physical depression, loss of memory and energy, pains in the back, self-distrust, dizziness, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, and other disorders of the nervous system consequent on various habits that lower the vitality of the system. Any druggist has the ingredients. Address DR. E. H. HILTON, Cincinnati, O.

"DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINES.
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"DOMESTIC" PAPER FASHIONS.
The Best Patterns made. Send 5cts. for Catalogue.
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You Can Make $5,000
In 90 days in A 1 Stocks.
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W. H. WEEKS, Banker, 178 Broadway, New York. Stocks bought and sold at the N. Y. Stock Exchange.

WANTED Agents for the best selling Prize Package in the world. It contains 15 sheets Paper, 15 Envelopes, Golden Pen, Pen Holder, Pencil, Patent Yard Measure, and a piece of Jewelry. Single package, with elegant prize, post-paid, 25 cents. Circular free.
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$77 PER WEEK GUARANTEED to Agents, Male and Female, in their own locality. Terms and OUTFIT FREE. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Maine.

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BLOOD! The BLOOD is the LIFE, and if it is impure the whole system will be diseased. You cannot purify a stream while the spring is corrupt; neither can you impart good health to the human body while the blood is conveying the seeds of disease to all parts of it. Therefore PURIFY the BLOOD, and nature will heal the disease. No remedy has ever been discovered which has effected so great a number of *permanent* cures as
LINDSEY'S
IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER!
It is rapidly acquiring a national reputation for the cure of
Scrofulous Affections, Cancerous Formations, Erysipelas, Boils, Pimples, Ulcers, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Mercurial and all Skin Diseases.
The remedy is a Vegetable Compound, and cannot harm the most tender infant. Ladies who suffer from the debilitating diseases known as FEMALE COMPLAINTS will find speedy relief by using this remedy. Beware of counterfeits. The genuine has our name—R. E. SELLERS & CO., Pittsburgh,—on the bottom of each bottle.
For sale by all Druggists and Country Dealers, and by A. A. BARKER & SON, Agents, Ebensburg, Pa. [Sept. 10, 1875.-3m.]

The Great Cause of
HUMAN MISERY.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.
A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, induced by Self-Abuse, Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.
The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Address the Publishers
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CRAWFORD HOUSE,
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John Fitzharris, - Proprietor.
HAVING leased and refurnished the above well known and popular hotel, the proprietor is now amply prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with their patronage. The best that the market affords will be served at the Table at all seasons, the Bar will be kept constantly supplied with the choicest liquors, and the commodious Stable will be under the charge of a careful and attentive hostler. No effort will be spared to render guests comfortable and well pleased in every particular, and by proper attention to business and a moderate scale of prices the proprietor hopes to win his way to public favor. (May 2, 1873.-tf.]

MILLINERY & DRESS MAKING—The attention of the Ladies of Ebensburg and vicinity is directed to the fact that MRS. R. E. JONES has just received an invoice of new and fashionable Millinery Goods, at her rooms in the East Ward, Ebensburg. Wedding Bonnets, Hats, etc., a specialty. Dressmaking promptly and neatly done. The patronage of the ladies is respectfully solicited. 6-1.'71.]

COAL! COAL!!—The subscriber is prepared to furnish, in large or small quantities, all qualities of ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS COAL, at lowest market rates. Coal delivered promptly and free of charge for hauling at any point in Ebensburg or vicinity. Orders left at the ZAHM STORE will receive early attention. DANIEL H. ZAHM.

J. GALLITZIN LAKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Register and Recorder, in Court House.

GEO M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law,* Ebensburg, Pa. Office on Centre street, three doors from High street. [aug.27,'72.]

THE POWER OF CORPORATIONS.

The latest statistics show that we have in the United States about 74,000 miles of railway, with a nominal capital of $4,200,000,000; their gross receipts aggregate over $500,000,000, amounts greatly in excess of the Government debt and revenue; all this sum is capable of being controlled and directed by a few men; on all questions where railroad interests conflict with the interest of the public, the influence of this wealth is a unit against the people. It employs great armies in operating the various lines of road; it is the best customer of the press; it controls the telegraph lines, has the readiest access to the public ear, and is the all-powerful abettor or terrible foe to political aspirations. Many of our laws are made in its interest, and along every line of railway it keeps in its employ the best legal talent; these men become our judges, and, having been educated to view laws relating to railway matters from a railway stand-point, naturally interpret difficult points in its favor. Members of the legal profession are often in the lobby to serve this interest, and instances are not wanting where representatives of the people, while holding official positions, accept retainers to advocate claims adverse to the rights of the people. A railroad corporation is soulless, and yet immortal; wiser than philosophy, it has found in a perpetual charter the elixir of life. When our fathers abolished the law of primogeniture, they supposed the country was secured against the evils of vast individual wealth accumulating from generation to generation, because the certainty of death would bring the certainty of distribution; but a perpetual charter, granted without consideration, has become a spindle to twist the gossamer thread across the chasm of death. All this vast and constantly increasing wealth is under irresponsible control. A corporation can neither be hung nor sent to the Penitentiary; that is to say, there is an entire absence of individual responsibility. Vigorous, alert, all-powerful, and perpetual, it only needs unscrupulous managers to become a worse tyrant than Nero—a more dangerous master than Robespierre.—*International Review.*

EFFECT OF IMAGINATION.

Dundas, the celebrated Scotch statesmen, though popular with the highest order of his countrymen, was by no means in equal estimation with the lower, and it was during one of his visits to Edinburgh that this adventure occurred. Some act of government had recently giving offence thereat, and to none more so than to a knavish tonsor of the city, whose services Mr. Dundas had occasion to call into requisition. The fellow was a practical jester, too, and determined to amuse himself at the minister's expense. The great man accordingly had no sooner resigned himself into the operator's hands than the following colloquy ensued:

"We're much obliged to you, Mr Dundas, for the part you lately took in London."

"What! you a politician! I sent for a barber," was the other's reply.

"Oh, yes, I'll shave you directly, was the rejoinder, and performing the operation on one side he suddenly drew the back of the instrument across his victim's neck, 'Take that, ye traitor!" and hurried down stairs, leaving Dundas seemingly bathed in blood.

The statesman was alarmed; an outcry was then raised; and half the faculty in the town was speedily in attendance, when, on removing his hand, which Mr. Dundas had kept firmly applied to his throat, it was discovered that the blood flowed from artificial means, which the impudent rogue had employed to give effect to his hoax, and that not a single scratch was visible. The fellow consequently escaped punishment; and his triumph was the greater as Mr. Dundas had the mortification of being laughed at, as well as of having to pay the zealous medical attendants.

A GAS WELL.

They have a new sensation in Odell, Illinois. It is stated that as J. and H. Hosache were boring for water on their farm, about four miles south of that town, with a five inch auger, at the depth of eighty feet, they struck a vein of water that spouted 200 feet in the air, throwing out gravel the size of a hen's egg. The ground for a distance of six hundred feet from the well soon became covered with a dove-colored sand to the depth of one inch. Some time during the night, the water ceased flowing, and on measuring this morning the well was found to have filled up about twenty feet at the bottom with quicksand, there still being thirty feet of water in the hole, and a kind of gas was issuing from the top. One of the party lit a match, when instantly a streak of flame, twenty feet high, leaped into the air with a roar like that of a city in flames. The hole, which in the beginning was but five inches in diameter, has increased to twelve, with the volume of flame steadily increasing. It is situated on the open prairie, and can be seen for miles. It has been visited by hundreds to-day, who gazed awe-struck upon this weird and wonderful scene. Whether some reservoir of petroleum lies deeply buried beneath the surface, or some other causes have produced this wind, we know not, but can only gaze with wonder, and speculate on the hidden force of Nature that bids defiance to man's inquisitiveness.

A FEW USEFUL FIGURES.

A quarter-inch rod of the best steel will sustain 9,000 pounds before breaking; soft steel, 7,000 pounds; iron wire, 9,000; iron, 4,000; inferior bar iron, 2,000; cast iron, 1,000 to 3,000; copper wire, 3,000; silver, 2,000; gold, 2,500; tin, 3,000; cast zinc, 160; cast lead, 50; milled lead, 200. Of wood, box and Locust the same size will hold 1,200 pounds; toughest ash, 1,000; elm, 800; beach, cedar, white oak, pitch pine, 600; chestnut and maple, 650; poplar, 400. Wood which will bear a heavy weight for a minute or two will break with two-thirds of the force acting a long time. A rod of iron is about ten times as strong as hemp cord. A rope, an inch in diameter, will bear about two and a half tons; but in practice it is not safe to subject it to a strain of more than about a ton. Half an inch in diameter the strength will be one quarter, as much; a quarter of an inch, one-sixteenth as much, and so on.

EBENSBURG
HARDWARE
—AND—
HOUSE-FURNISH'G STORE
IS THE PLACE TO BUY
STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE,
IRON,
NAIL, GLASS, OILS, PAINTS, &c.
[6-18.] GEO. HUNTLEY, Prop'r.

FARMERS AND OTHERS, if you intend to build a house or barn, or otherwise improve your property, go to HUNTLEY for NAILS, GLASS, PAINTS, HARDWARE, &c. Money saved by buying for cash.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and examine the neatest little CHOPPING MILL ever introduced. It chops from 10 to 12 bushels of rye, corn or oats per hour. BUY ONE—IT COSTS ONLY $35.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BEST CORN FODDER AND STRAW CUTTER ever sold in this county. Their cost more than saved in one year by cutting your feed with it.

THE Best SILVER-PLATED WARE in the market at 25 per cent. less than city retail prices. Sold for cash at
[6-18-'75.-tf.] HUNTLEY'S.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your HARVEST TOOLS, which he sells CHEAPER FOR CASH than they can be bought elsewhere in Ebensburg.

HUNTLEY will sell you WALL PAPER as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other dealer in Ebensburg, and trim it into the bargain without extra charge.

BLACKSMITHS, HUNTLEY will sell you Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Carriage Bolts, Bar Iron, Nail Rod, Cast Steel, &c., VERY LOW FOR CASH.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy the BLANCHARD CHURN, the best in the world. Sold for Cash at manufacturer's prices.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and get the best MOWING AND REAPING MACHINE made. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and save 25 per cent. by paying cash for Table Knives, Forks, Spoons, &c.

CARPENTERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your TOOLS and BUILDING HARDWARE. Pay cash and save 20 per cent.

HOUSEKEEPERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and buy your Stoves and Tinware. PAY CASH AND SAVE MONEY.

FARMERS, GO TO HUNTLEY'S and get the best HORSE HAY RAKE ever introduced. CHEAP FOR CASH.

GO TO HUNTLEY FOR CLOTHES WRINGERS. He sells them at greatly reduced prices for the ready cash.

A LARGE LOT OF POCKET AND PENKNIVES very cheap for cash at HUNTLEY'S.

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE.
Cooking Stoves,
Heating Stoves.
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE
Having recently taken possession of the newly fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and nearly opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber is better prepared than ever to manufacture all articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished to buyers at the very lowest living prices.
The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves
of the most approved designs.
SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.
All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.
VALLIE LUTRINGER.
Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

THE HOLDIAYS ARE OVER!
AS WE ALL KNOW, BUT THE
PRICES
At E. J. MILLS'
Cheap Cash Store
Are not over, but rather under, those of any other dealer in
Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Hats and Caps,
Boots, Shoes, Notions,
GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, GRAIN, &C.,
In this "Neck o' Timber."
A complete and elegant assortment of new goods now in store will positively be sold at the closest margin. Country produce at the highest market prices taken in exchange for goods. Full satisfaction guaranteed to all buyers. Store on High street, near Centre street.
E. J. MILLS.
Ebensburg, Jan. 16, 1874.-tf.

EBENSBURG
BOOK, DRUG and VARIETY STORE.
HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess. Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.
Cigars and Tobaccos,
Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.
We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.
Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,
July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS.
JOHN D. THOMAS,
Boot and Shoe Maker
THE undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calf-skin boots to the coarsest brogans, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.
Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.
Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.
Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.
JOHN D. THOMAS.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in front room of T. J. Lloyd's new building, Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. 10-11.-tf.

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN, *Attorney-at-Law,* Johnstown, Pa. Office in the old Exchange building, (up stairs,) corner of Clinton and Locust streets. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.
F. W. HAY & SON
Manufacturers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—OF—
TIN, COPERP,
—AND—
Sheet-Iron WARES,
AND DEALERS IN
HEATING PARLOR and COOKING
STOVES,
Sheet Metals,
—AND—
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS GENERALLY.
Jobbing in
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
Nos. 278, 280 and 282 Washington St.,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

W. D. M'CLELLAND.........JOHN HANNAN.
M'CLELLAND & CO.,
Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Fancy and Plain
FURNITURE!
AND CHAIRS.
We keep constantly on hand in great variety a full line of elegant
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS,
IN STYLES AND AT PRICES TO SUIT ALL CUSTOMERS
Having the most skillful workmen in the city, we are prepared to fill all orders for
OFFICE AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
IN PIECES OR SUITS,
At PRICES Below
Either Eastern or Western Manufacturers.
Wareroom, No. 81 FRANKLIN Street,
NEARLY OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.
Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.
All Furniture sent for and delivered in the city free of charge. [3-13,'74.-tf.]

Wood, Morrell & Co.,
WASHINGTON STREET,
Near PENN'A R. R. DEPOT,
Johnstown, Pa.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS
MILLINERY GOODS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
IRON AND NAILS,
CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
GLASSWARE, YELLOW WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
PROVISIONS and FEED of all kind,
Together with all manner of Western Produce, such as
FLOUR, BACON, FISH, SALT, CARBON OIL, ETC.
Wholesale and retail orders solicited and promptly filled on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

Andrew Moses,
TAILOR AND DRAPER,
140 CLINTON STREET,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

Parke's Marble Works,
133 Franklin Street, Johnstown.
MONUMENTS, HEAD and TOMB STONES, COUNTER and CABINET SLABS, MANTELS, &c., manufactured of the very best Italian and American Marbles. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in price, design and execution of work.
Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the very lowest cash rates. Try us.
Oct. 24.-m.* JOHN PARKE.

COLLINS, JOHNSTON & CO.,
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa.
WILL receive money on deposit, discount and collect notes, and attend to all the business usually done by Bankers.
Sept.20.tf. JAS. P. MURPHY, Cashier.

A MODEL GIRL.—A correspondent of the Sandersville *Herald* tells of a young lady of that county who certainly not remain single very long if the men down there have any appreciation. He says:

She is some nineteen years old, medium height and size; has very black hair, and, I think, eyes; she is not corpulent, but she has fair complexion, and is beautiful; she has a good English education, and is sensible; she has a strong and melodious voice, ... to sing; she is a member of the Missionary Baptist church and is ... the cause; she can do anything ... comes to hand, and takes a ... it. I knew her in '71 and '73 ... derstand she is still single. I ... seen her sweep the yard, milk the ... and churn. I have seen her ... and knew her to cook, and make ... and wash and dress her little brothers and sisters; she looks after the chickens, hogs and goats, and they ... She can hive bees as well, without stings, and with as much expedition as any man. I never saw her when she had nothing to do, consequently ... knew her to be dull. I never saw her except in best of spirits, and ... entertain company. I never saw her when she was not ready for the ... or kitchen. She is a good ... and has of her own, and of her ... some eighteen quilts. She ... a cotton patch and can ... She can put a horse in a ... mules in a wagon. When her ... and father were away she ... cane, hauled, ground and boiled ... had six gallons of syrup ... night. She often ... beard, and is among the first ... morning.

SALT FOR THE THROAT.—... days, writes a clergyman ... of the throat are so ... ent, and in so many cases ... it our duty to say a word ... a simple, and what has been ... most effectual, if not a ... sore throat. For many years, indeed we may say during ... of a life of nearly forty years ... been subject to sore throat ... particularly a dry, hacking ... which is not only distressing ... selves, but to our friends and ... whom we are brought ... contact. Last fall we ... try what virtue there was in ... salt. We commenced by using ... times a day, morning, noon ... We dissolved a large table... pure salt in about half a ... full of cold water. With this ... gled the throat most thoroughly ... before meal time. The result ... that during the entire winter ... not only free from coughs ... but the dry, hacking cough ... disappeared. We attribute ... isfactory results solely to the ... gargle, and most cordially recommend a trial of it to those who are ... diseases of the throat. Many ... who have never tried the ... have the impression that it is ... ant. Such is not the case ... contrary, it is pleasant, and ... days' use, no person who loves a clean mouth and first-rate ... of the appetite will abandon it.

MOTHER GOOSE.—The story ... Iliad of the Nursery is told by ... L. Stone in the old Providence ... *nal.* The mother-in-law of ... Fleet, the editor in 1751 of the ... *Weekly Rehearsal* was the ... Mother Goose of the world ... melodies. Mother Goose ... a wealthy family in Boston ... eldest daughter, Elizabeth ... married by Cotton Mather ... Fleet and in due time gave ... son. Like most mothers ... own day, the importance of ... increased with the appearance ... grandchild, and poor Mr. Fleet ... distracted with her endless ... ditties, finding all other ... tried what ridicule could do ... actually printed a book with ... "Songs for the Nursery; or ... Goose's Melodies for children ... by T. Fleet at his printing ... Pudding Lane, Boston. Price ... coppers." Mother of nineteen ... and hence we may easily ... origin of that famous classic ... was an old woman who lived ... she had so many children she ... know what to do."—*J. P. ... Library Notes.*

SOD FENCES.—With the ... cost of fencing material, it ... more interesting question to ... How can I economically build ... repair old fences? A ... suggests the use of sods, and ...

"In England and Ireland ... the 'sod fence.' I have seen ... country occasionally, but I ... farmers knew its practical ... should see it oftener. Only ... ditches two feet apart, three ... and two feet deep; throw the ... the ditches on the space between ... it down till it has some ... give it enough slant to ... ing,' and you have a fence ... time. In most cases here ... turf or 'whin bushes' as they ... a year the bank will be covered ... luxuriant growth of blackberry ... answering every purpose. ... timber is plenty, we can ... fence cheaper than almost ...

AN exchange says: A ... was to mean to advertise ... ed to sell, put a written ... of the hotels the other day ... who was enquiring for a ... referred to the written notice ... replied: "I can't buy land ... price of any man who does ... tising in that way. He would ... fence, the pump handle and ... doors before he gave up ...